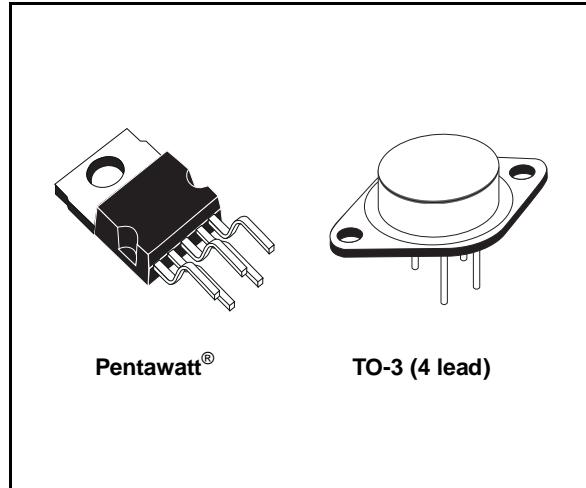


## ADJUSTABLE VOLTAGE AND CURRENT REGULATOR

- ADJUSTABLE OUTPUT CURRENT UP TO 2 A (GUARANTEED UP TO  $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$ )
- ADJUSTABLE OUTPUT VOLTAGE DOWN TO 2.85 V
- INPUT OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION (UP TO 60 V, 10 ms)
- SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION
- OUTPUT TRANSISTOR S.O.A. PROTECTION
- THERMAL OVERLOAD PROTECTION
- LOW BIAS CURRENT ON REGULATION PIN
- LOW STANDBY CURRENT DRAIN



### DESCRIPTION

The L200 is a monolithic integrated circuit for voltage and current programmable regulation. It is available in Pentawatt<sup>®</sup> package or 4-lead TO-3 metal case. Current limiting, power limiting, thermal shutdown and input overvoltage protection (up to

60 V) make the L200 virtually blow-out proof. The L200 can be used to replace fixed voltage regulators when high output voltage precision is required and eliminates the need to stock a range of fixed voltage regulators.

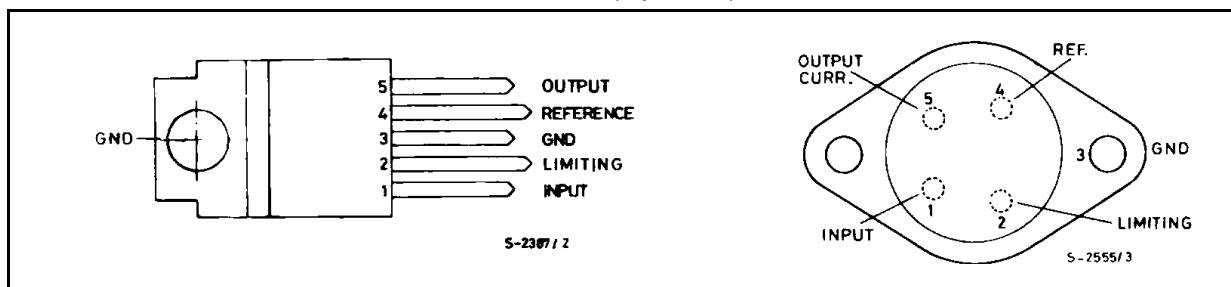
### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_i$	DC Input Voltage	40	V
$V_i$	Peak Input Voltage (10 ms)	60	V
$\Delta V_{i-o}$	Dropout Voltage	32	V
$I_o$	Output Current	internally limited	
$P_{tot}$	Power Dissipation	internally limited	
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature	-55 to 150	°C
$T_{op}$	Operating Junction Temperature for L200C for L200	-25 to 150 -55 to 150	°C

### THERMAL DATA

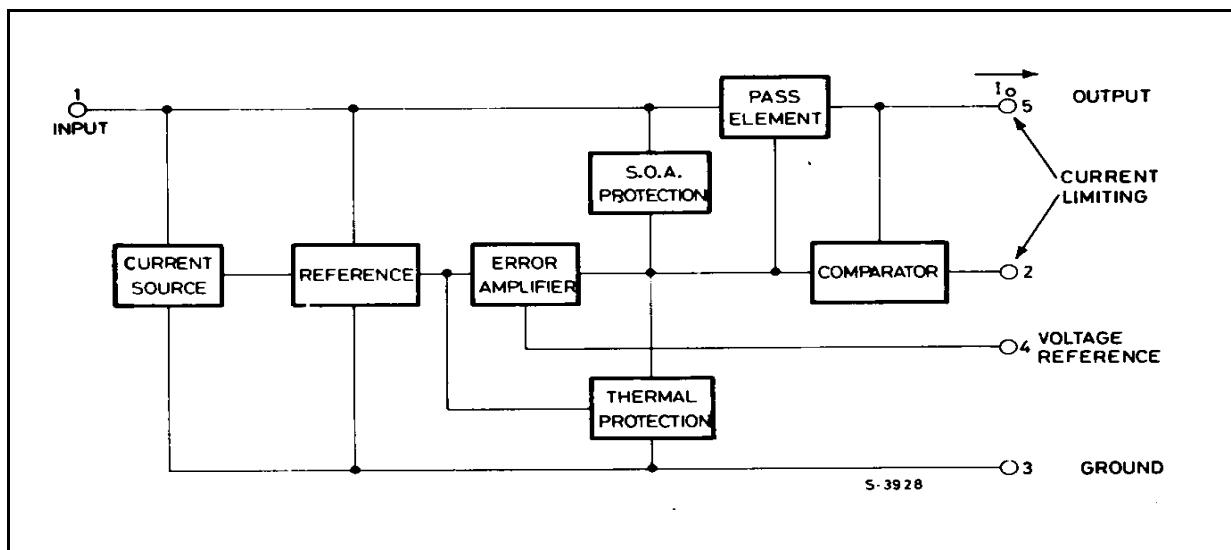
		TO-3	Pentawatt <sup>®</sup>
$R_{th\ j-case}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-case	Max	4 °C/W
$R_{th\ j-amb}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	Max	35 °C/W 50 °C/W

## CONNECTION DIAGRAMS AND ORDER CODES (top views)



Type	Pentawatt®	TO-3
L200		L200 T
L200 C	L200 CH L200 CV	L200 CT

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## APPLICATION CIRCUITS

Figure 1. Programmable Voltage Regulator with Current Limiting

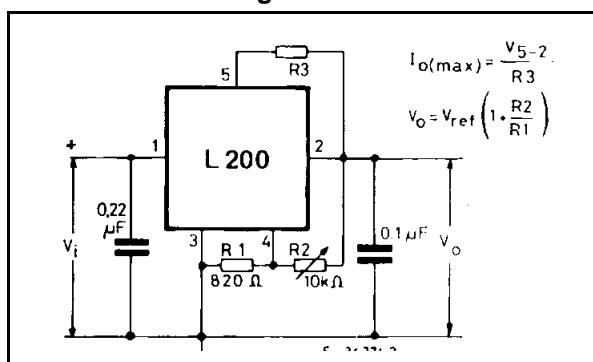
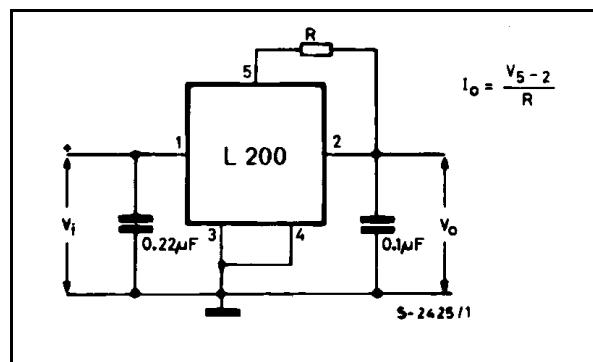
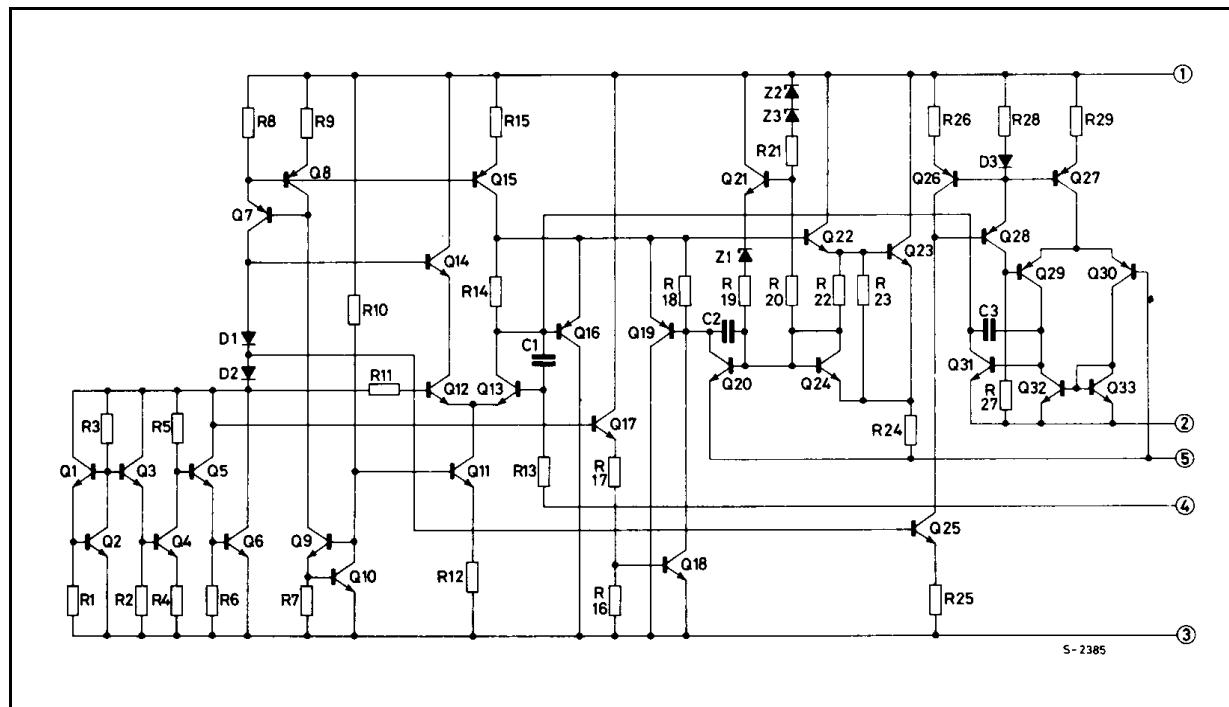


Figure 2. Programmable Current Regulator.



## SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
--------	-----------	-----------------	------	------	------	------

## VOLTAGE REGULATION LOOP

$I_d$	Quiescent drain Current (pin 3)	$V_i = 20\text{ V}$		4.2	9.2	mA
$e_N$	Output Noise Voltage	$V_o = V_{ref}$ $I_o = 10\text{ mA}$ $B = 1\text{ MHz}$		80		$\mu\text{V}$
$V_o$	Output Voltage Range	$I_o = 10\text{ mA}$	2.85		36	V
$\frac{\Delta V_o}{V_o}$	Voltage Load Regulation (note 1)	$\Delta I_o = 2\text{ A}$ $\Delta I_o = 1.5\text{ A}$		0.15 0.1	1 0.9	% %
$\frac{\Delta V_i}{\Delta V_o}$	Line Regulation	$V_o = 5\text{ V}$ $V_i = 8\text{ to }18\text{ V}$	48	60		dB
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection	$V_o = 5\text{ V}$ $I_o = 500\text{ mA}$ $\Delta V_i = 10\text{ V}_{pp}$ $f = 100\text{ Hz}$ (note 2)	48	60		dB
$\Delta V_{i-o}$	Dropout Voltage between Pins 1 and 5	$I_o = 1.5\text{ A}$ $\Delta V_o \leq 2\%$		2	2.5	V
$V_{ref}$	Reference Voltage (pin 4)	$V_i = 20\text{ V}$ $I_o = 10\text{ mA}$	2.64	2.77	2.86	V

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$\Delta V_{ref}$	Average Temperature Coefficient of Reference Voltage	$V_i = 20 \text{ V}$ $I_o = 10 \text{ mA}$ for $T_j = -25 \text{ to } 125^\circ\text{C}$ for $T_j = 125 \text{ to } 150^\circ\text{C}$		-0.25 -1.5		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$ $\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_4$	Bias Current and Pin 4			3	10	$\mu\text{A}$
$\frac{\Delta I_4}{\Delta T \cdot I_4}$	Average Temperature Coefficient (pin 4)			-0.5		$\%/\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
$Z_o$	Output Impedance	$V_i = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_o = 0.5 \text{ A}$	$V_o = V_{ref}$ $f = 100 \text{ Hz}$		1.5	$\text{m}\Omega$

## CURRENT REGULATION LOOP

$V_{SC}$	Current Limit Sense Voltage between Pins 5 and 2	$V_i = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_5 = 100 \text{ mA}$	$V_o = V_{ref}$	0.38	0.45	0.52	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{SC}}{\Delta T \cdot V_{SC}}$	Average Temperature Coefficient of $V_{SC}$				0.03		$\%/\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
$\frac{\Delta I_o}{I_o}$	Current Load Regulation	$V_i = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_o = 0.5 \text{ A}$ $I_o = 1 \text{ A}$ $I_o = 1.5 \text{ A}$	$\Delta V_o = 3 \text{ V}$		1.4 1 0.9		% % %
$I_{SC}$	Peak Short Circuit Current	$V_i - V_o = 14 \text{ V}$ (pins 2 and 5 short circuited)				3.6	A

Note 1: A load step of 2 A can be applied provided that input-output differential voltage is lower than 20 V (see Figure 3).

Note 2: The same performance can be maintained at higher output levels if a bypassing capacitor is provided between pins 2 and 4.

Figure 3. Typical Safe Operating Area Protection.

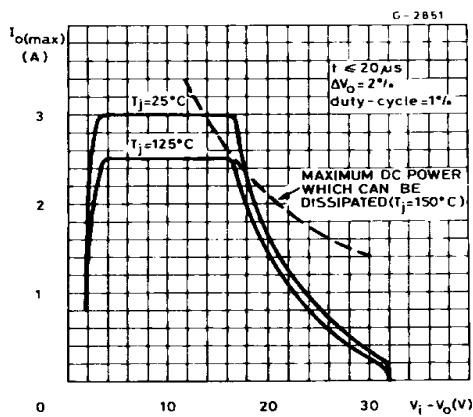
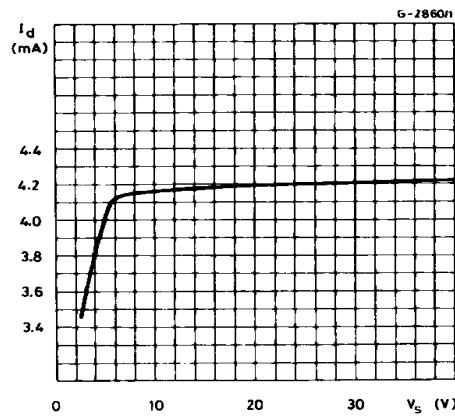
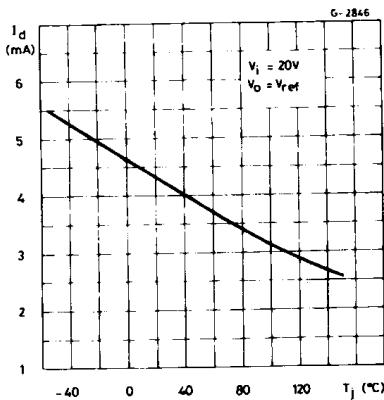


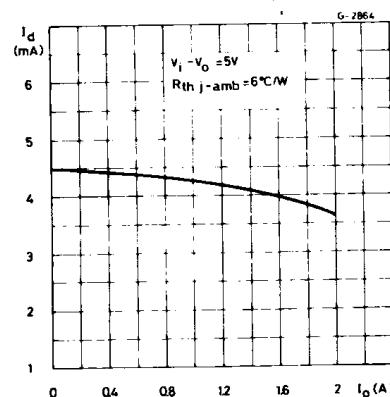
Figure 4. Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage.



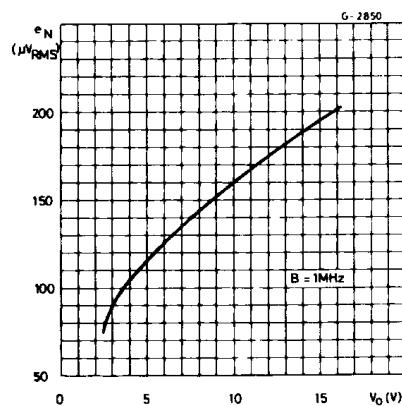
**Figure 5. Quiescent Current vs. Junction Voltage.**



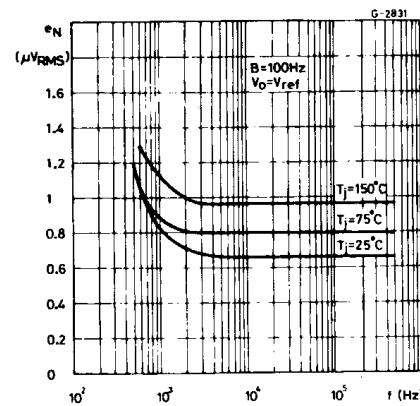
**Figure 6. Quiescent Current vs. Output Current.**



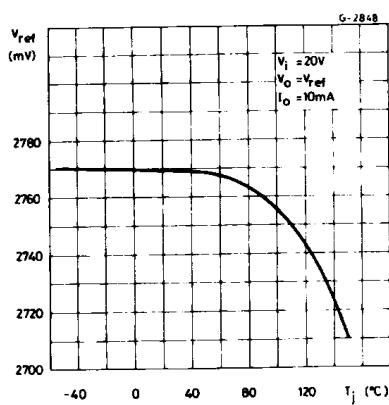
**Figure 7. Output Noise Voltage vs. Output Voltage.**



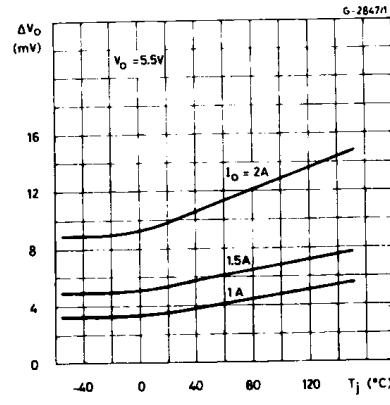
**Figure 8. Output Noise Voltage vs. Frequency.**



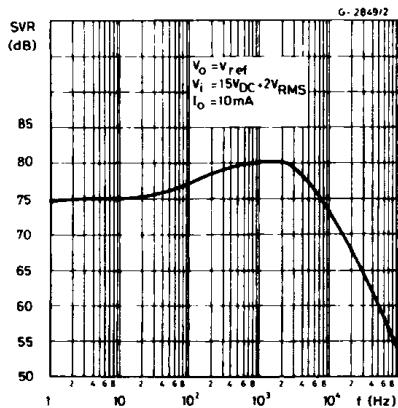
**Figure 9. Reference Voltage vs. Junction Temperature.**



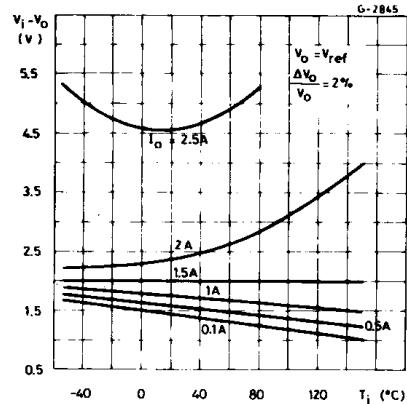
**Figure 10. Voltage Load Regulation vs. Junction Temperature.**



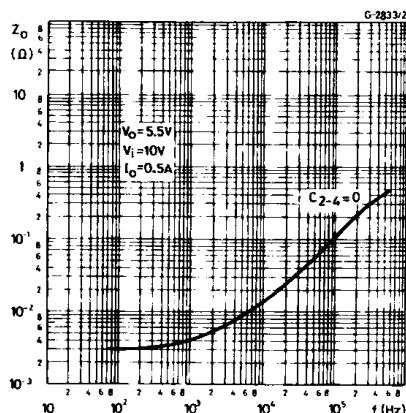
**Figure 11. Supply Voltage Rejection vs. Frequency.**



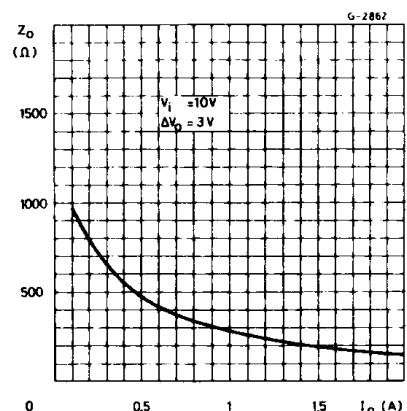
**Figure 12. Dropout Voltage vs. Junction Temperature.**



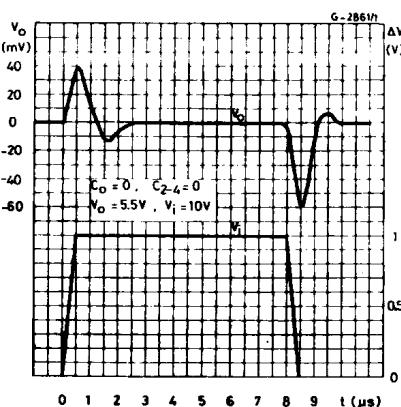
**Figure 13. Output Impedance vs. Frequency.**



**Figure 14. Output Impedance vs. Output Current.**



**Figure 15. Voltage Transient Response.**



**Figure 16. Load Transient Response.**

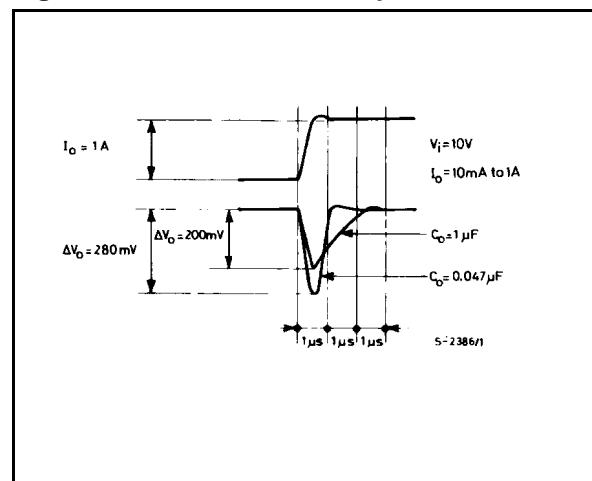


Figure 17. Load Transient Response

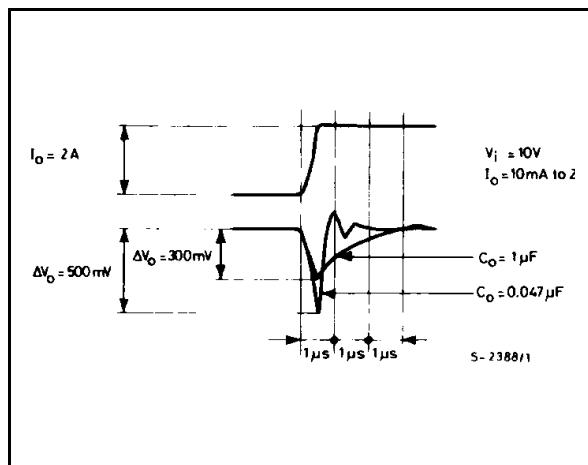
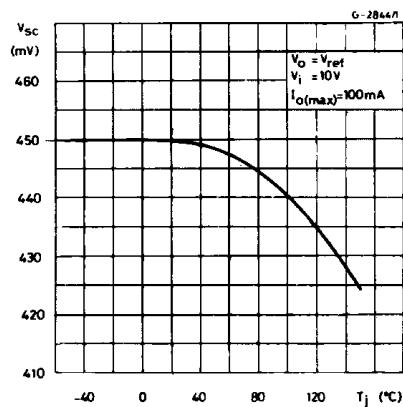


Figure 18. Current Limit Sense Voltage vs. Junction Temperature.



## APPLICATIONS CIRCUITS

Figure 19. - Programmable Voltage Regulator

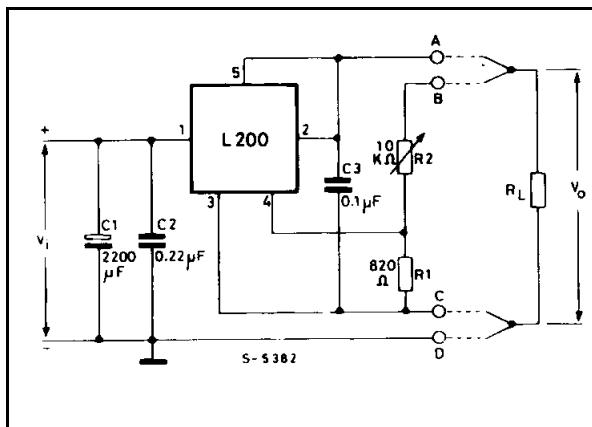


Figure 20. - P.C. Board and Components Layout of Figure 19.

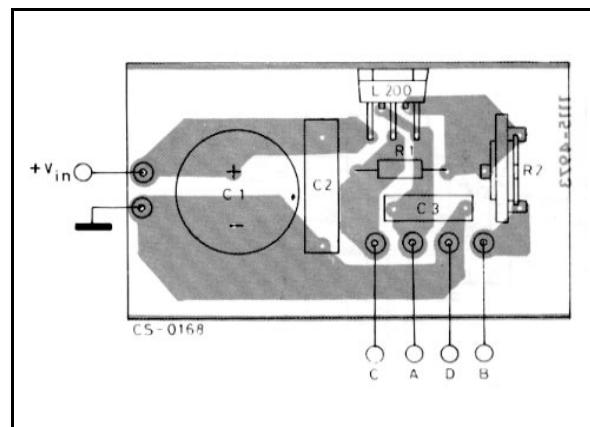


Figure 21.- High Current Voltage Regulator with Short Circuit Protection.

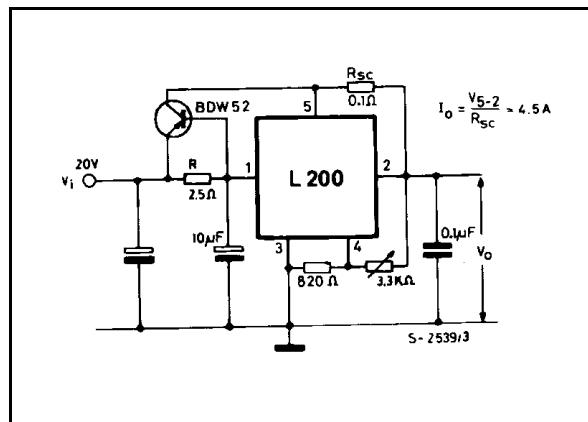


Figure 22. - Digitally Selected Regulator with Inhibit.

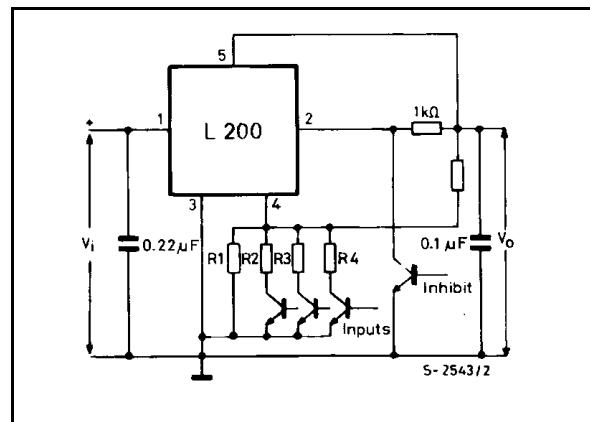
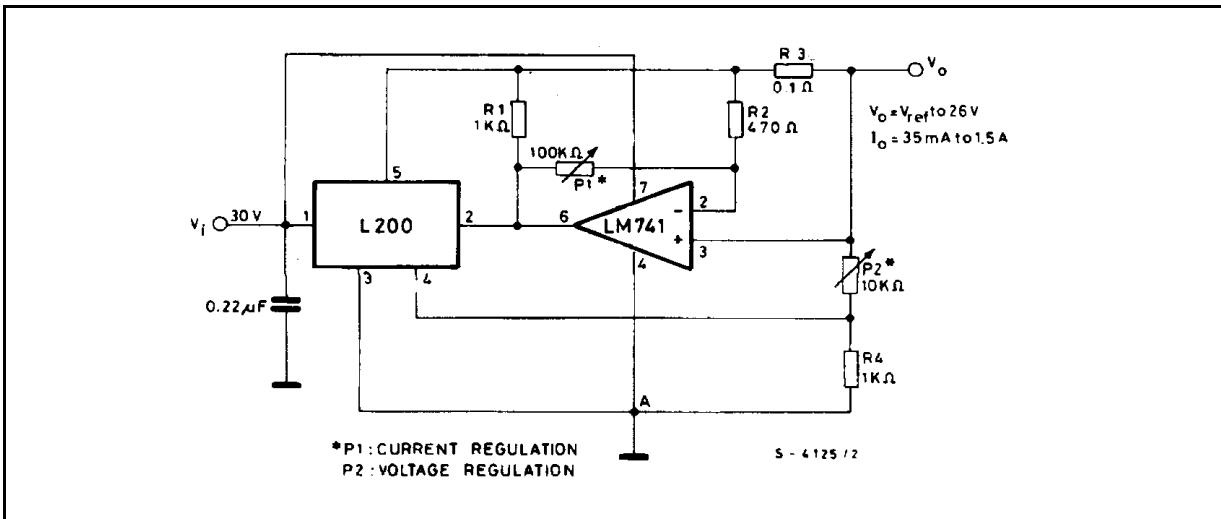


Figure 23. Programmable Voltage and Current Regulator.



Note: Connecting point A to a negative voltage (for example - 3V/10 mA) it is possible to extend the output voltage range down to 0 V and obtain the current limiting down to this level (output short-circuit condition).

Figure 24. High Current Regulator with NPN Pass Transistor.

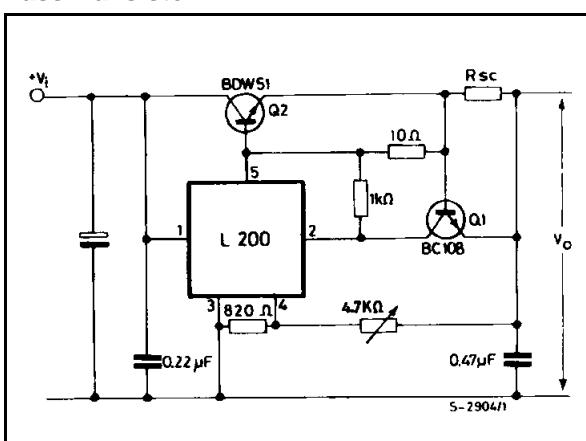
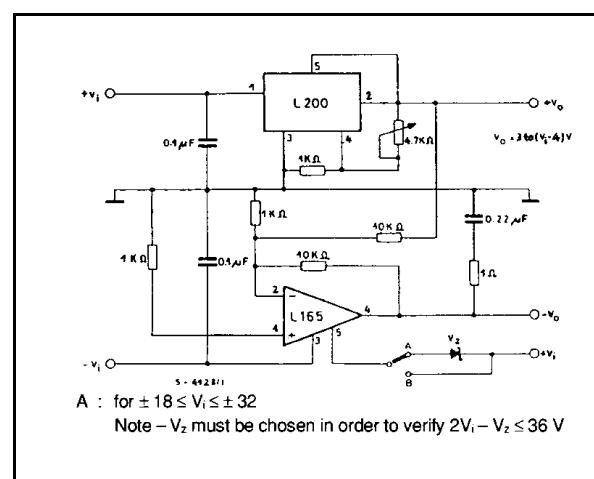
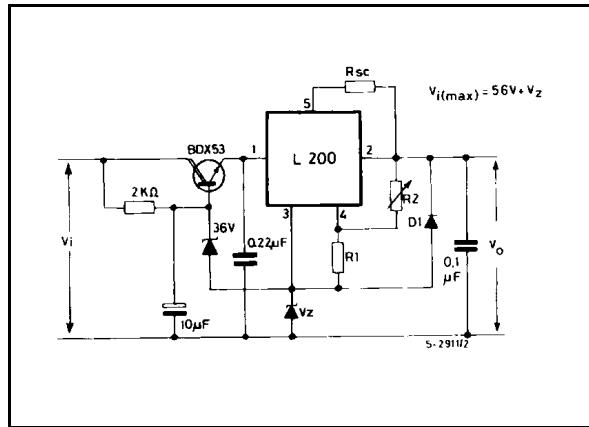
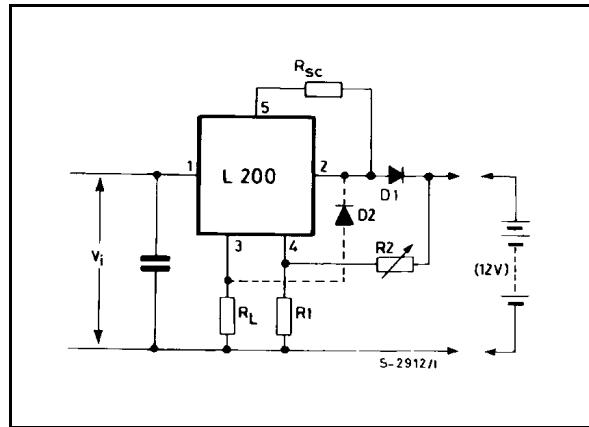


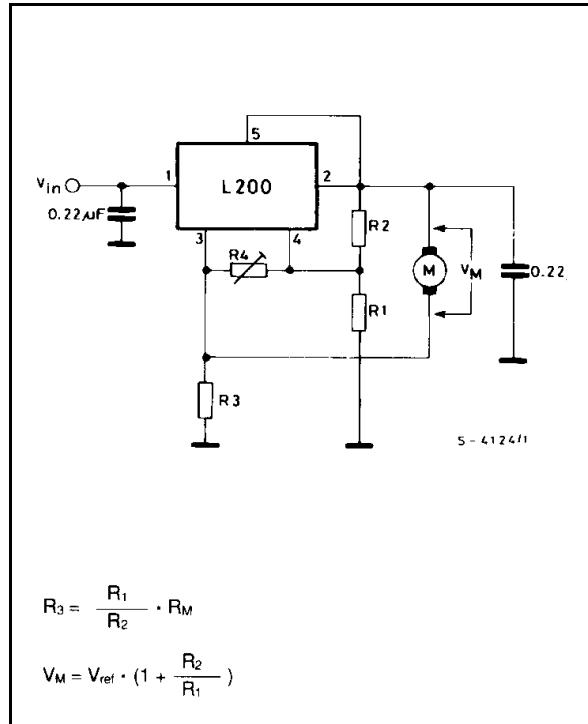
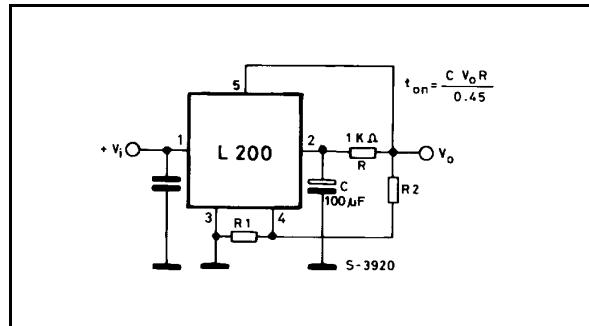
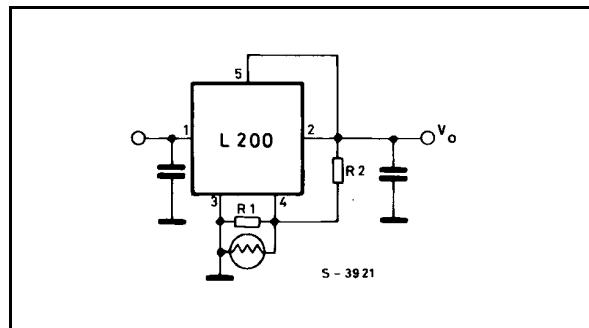
Figure 25. High Current Tracking Regualtor.



**Figure 26. High Input and Output Voltage.****Figure 27. Constant Current Battery Charger.**

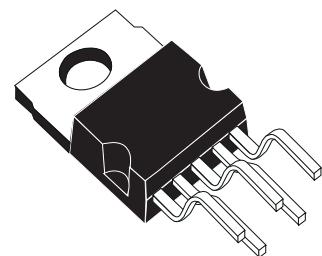
The resistors  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  determine the final charging voltage and  $R_{SC}$  the initial charging current.  $D_1$  prevents discharge of the battery through the regulator.

The resistor  $R_L$  limits the reverse currents through the regulator (which should be 100 mA max) when the battery is accidentally reverse connected. If  $R_L$  is in series with a bulb of 12 V/50 mA rating this will indicate incorrect connection.

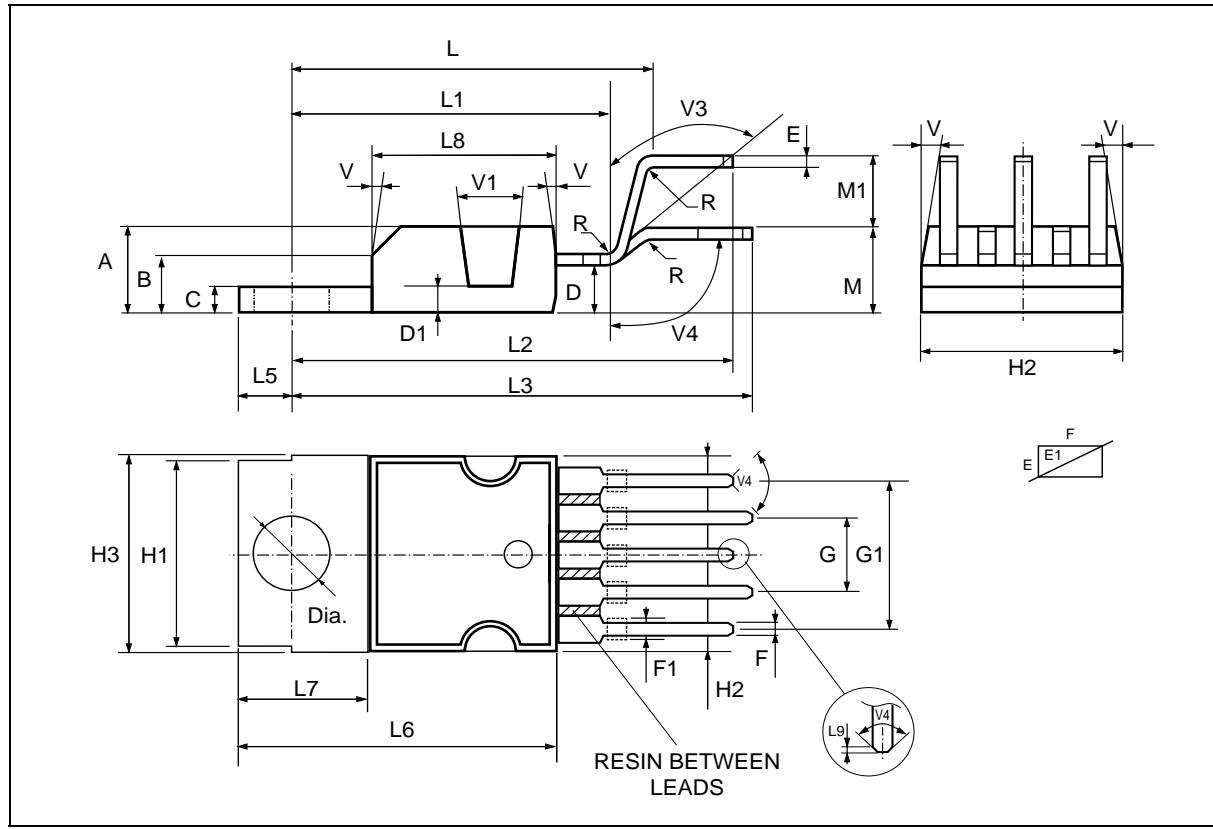
**Figure 28. 30 W Motor Speed Control.****Figure 29. Lowv Turn on.****Figure 30. Light Controller.**

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A			4.8			0.189
C			1.37			0.054
D	2.4		2.8	0.094		0.110
D1	1.2		1.35	0.047		0.053
E	0.35		0.55	0.014		0.022
E1	0.76		1.19	0.030		0.047
F	0.8		1.05	0.031		0.041
F1	1		1.4	0.039		0.055
G	3.2	3.4	3.6	0.126	0.134	0.142
G1	6.6	6.8	7	0.260	0.268	0.276
H2			10.4			0.409
H3	10.05		10.4	0.396		0.409
L	17.55	17.85	18.15	0.691	0.703	0.715
L1	15.55	15.75	15.95	0.612	0.620	0.628
L2	21.2	21.4	21.6	0.831	0.843	0.850
L3	22.3	22.5	22.7	0.878	0.886	0.894
L4			1.29			0.051
L5	2.6		3	0.102		0.118
L6	15.1		15.8	0.594		0.622
L7	6		6.6	0.236		0.260
L9		0.2			0.008	
M	4.23	4.5	4.75	0.167	0.177	0.187
M1	3.75	4	4.25	0.148	0.157	0.167
V4			40° (typ.)			

## OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA



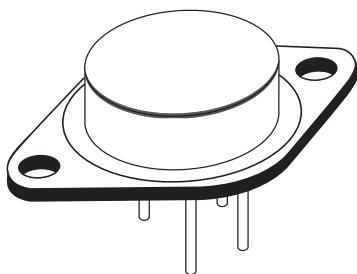
Pentawatt V



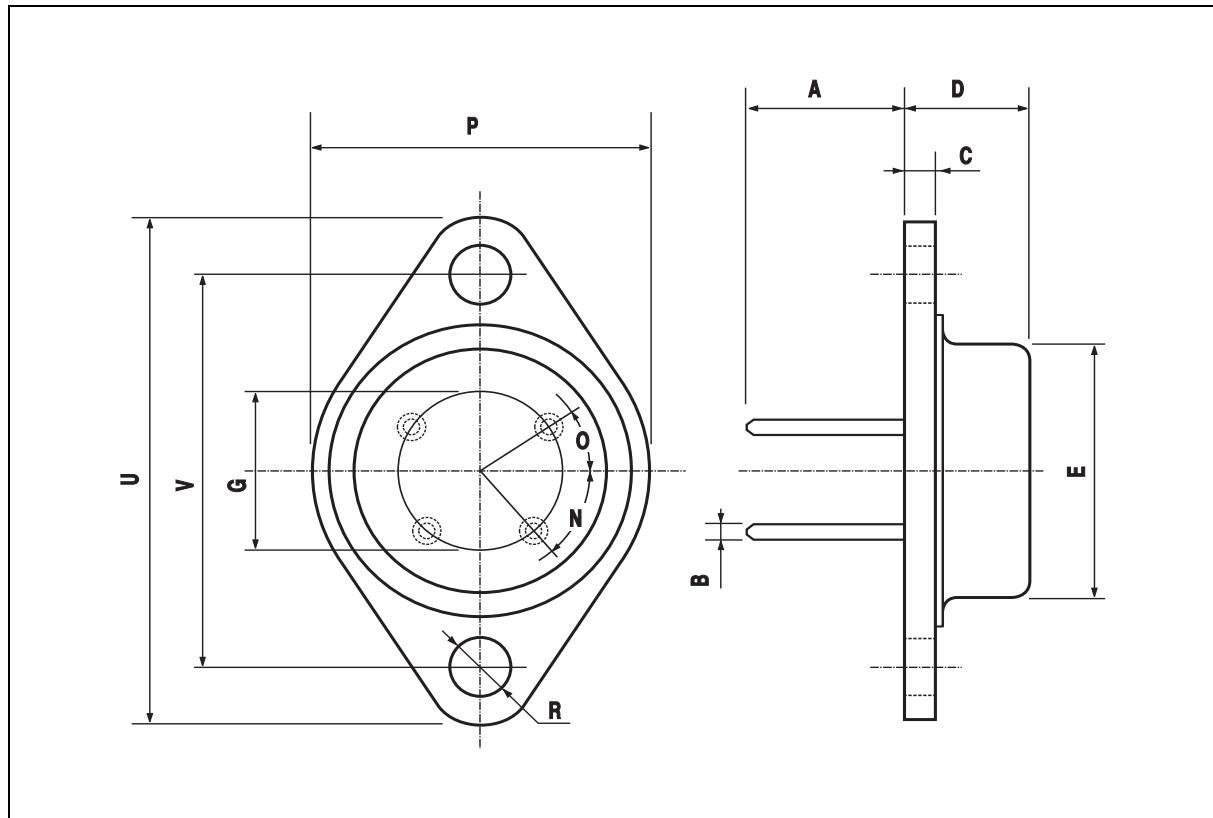
DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A		11.8			0.46	
B (*)		1		0.39		
C			2.5			0.098
D			9.6			0.37
E			20			0.78
G		12.7			0.50	
N	50° (typ.)					
O	30° (typ.)					
P			26.2			1.03
R	3.88		4.20	0.15		0.16
U			39.5			1.55
V		30.1			1.18	

(\*) Measured with Gauge

## OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA



**TO3 4-Leads**



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