



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR, LTD



AOD609

Complementary Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

General Description

The AOD609 uses advanced trench technology MOSFETs to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ and low gate charge. The complementary MOSFETs may be used in H-bridge, Inverters and other applications.

- RoHS Compliant
- Halogen Free*

Features

n-channel

V_{DS} (V) = 40V, I_D = 12A (V_{GS} =10V)

$R_{DS(ON)} < 30\text{m}\Omega$ (V_{GS} =10V)

$R_{DS(ON)} < 40\text{m}\Omega$ (V_{GS} =4.5V)

p-channel

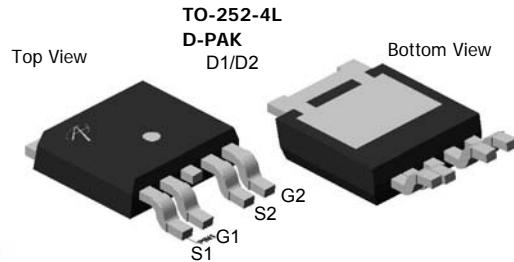
V_{DS} (V) = -40V, I_D = -12A (V_{GS} =-10V)

$R_{DS(ON)} < 45\text{m}\Omega$ (V_{GS} = -10V)

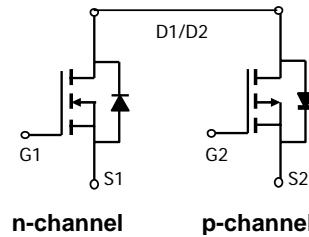
$R_{DS(ON)} < 66\text{m}\Omega$ (V_{GS} = -4.5V)

100% UIS Tested!

100% R_g Tested!



Top View
Drain Connected to Tab



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Max n-channel	Max p-channel	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	40	-40	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current ^{B,H}	I_D	12	-12	A
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$		12	-12	
Pulsed Drain Current ^B	I_{DM}	30	-30	
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AR}	14	-20	
Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.1\text{mH}^C$	E_{AR}	9.8	20	mJ
Power Dissipation	P_D	27	30	W
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$		14	15	
Power Dissipation	P_{DSM}	2	2	W
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		1.3	1.3	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 175	-55 to 175	°C

Thermal Characteristics: n-channel and p-channel

Parameter	Symbol	Device	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D}	$R_{\theta JA}$	n-ch	17.4	25	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D}		n-ch	50	60	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead ^C	$R_{\theta JC}$	n-ch	4	5.5	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D}	$R_{\theta JA}$	p-ch	16.7	25	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D}		p-ch	50	60	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead ^C	$R_{\theta JC}$	p-ch	3.5	5	°C/W

N Channel Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	40			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{\text{DS}}=40\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			1	μA
					5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}= \pm 20\text{V}$			± 100	nA
$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{DS}}=V_{\text{GS}}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.7	2.5	3	V
$I_{\text{D}(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=5\text{V}$	30			A
$R_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, I_D=12\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=8\text{A}$		24	30	$\text{m}\Omega$
				37	46	
				31	40	
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{\text{DS}}=5\text{V}, I_D=12\text{A}$		25		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$		0.76	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				2	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=20\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		516	650	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			82		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			43		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		4.6	6.9	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=20\text{V}, I_D=12\text{A}$		8.3	10.8	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			2.3		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			1.6		nC
$t_{\text{D}(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=20\text{V}, R_L=1.4\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		6.4		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			3.6		ns
$t_{\text{D}(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			16.2		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			6.6		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=12\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		18	24	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=12\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		10		nC

A: The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ is measured with the device in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The power dissipation P_{DSM} and current rating I_{DSM} are based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using the steady state junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case $R_{\theta JC}$ and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using $<300\mu\text{s}$ pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in^2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

H. The maximum current rating is limited by bond-wires.

*This device is guaranteed green after data code 8X11 (Sep 2008).

Rev4: Aug 2009

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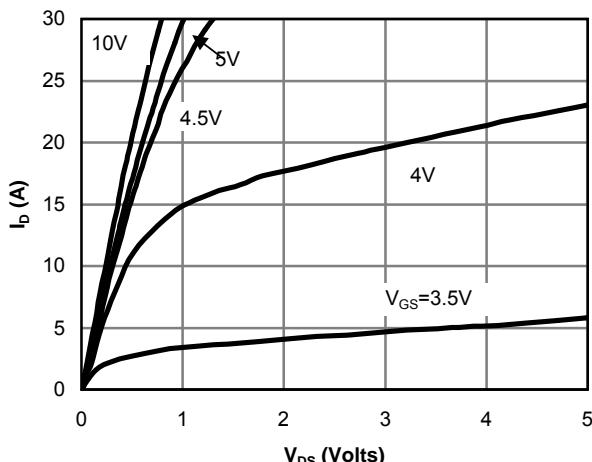
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS: N-CHANNEL


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

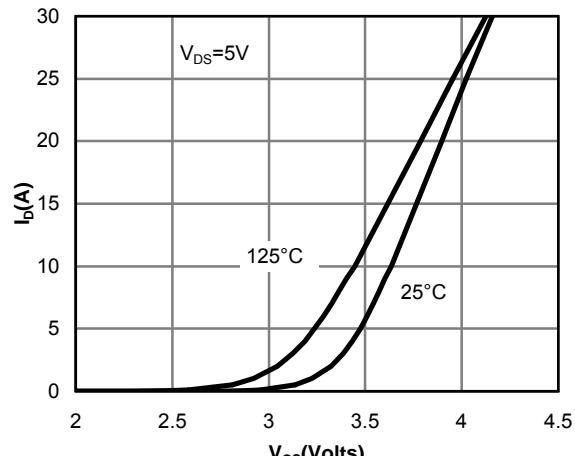


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

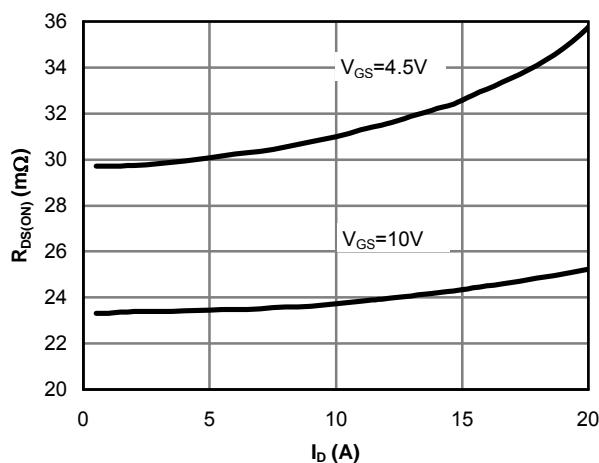


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

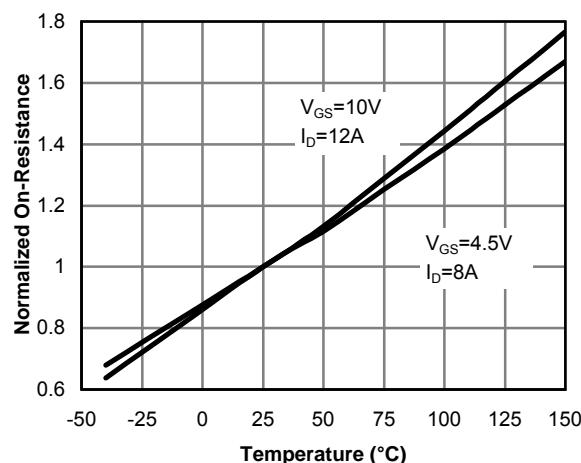


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

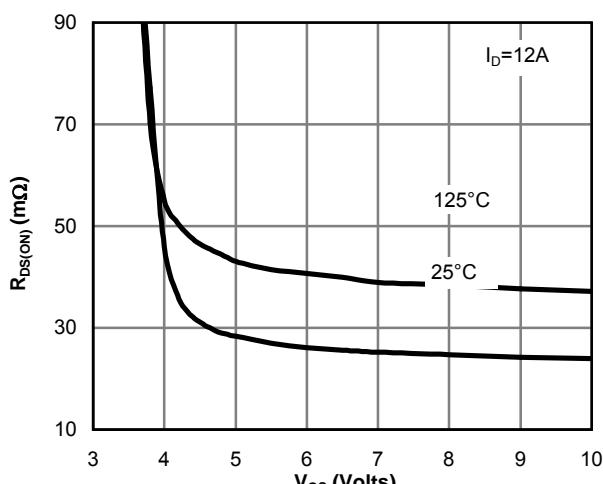


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

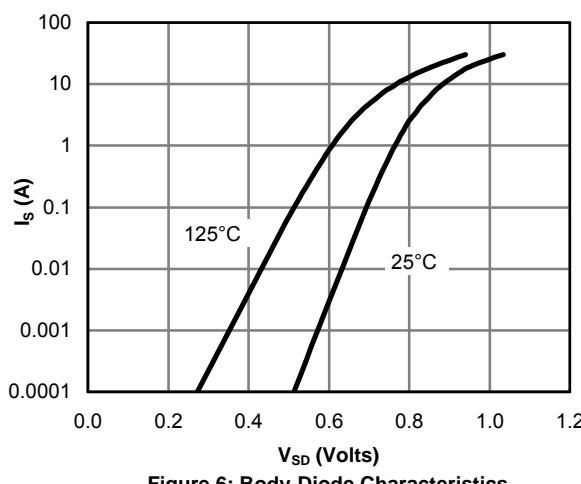


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

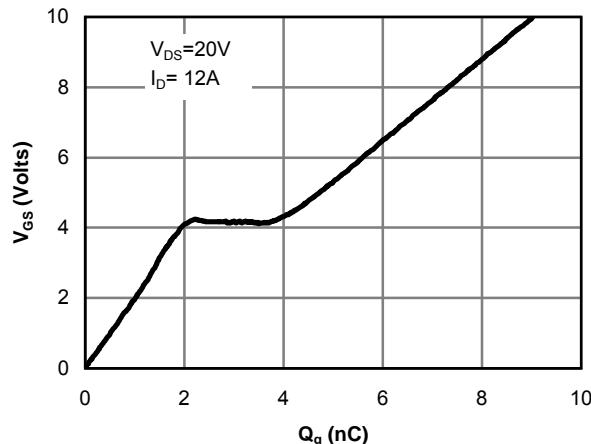
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS: N-CHANNEL


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

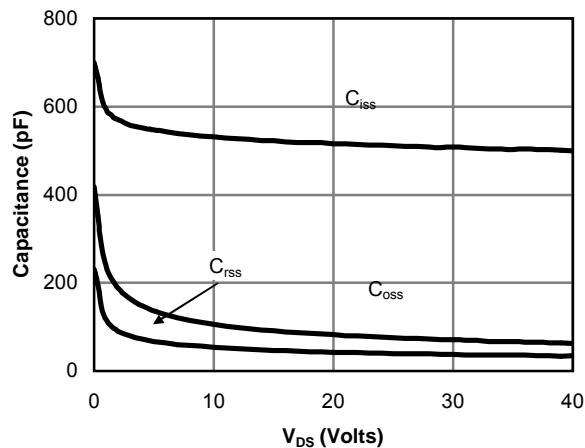


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

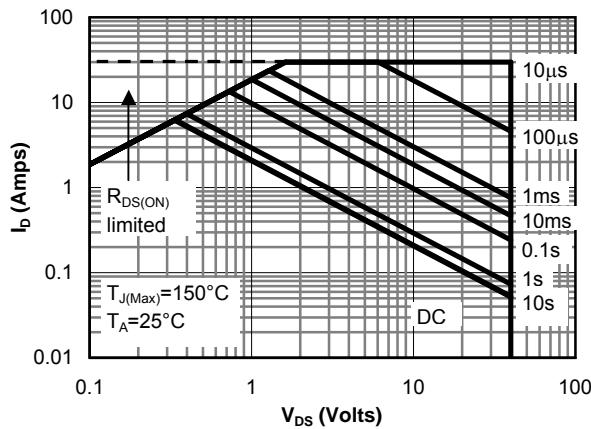


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

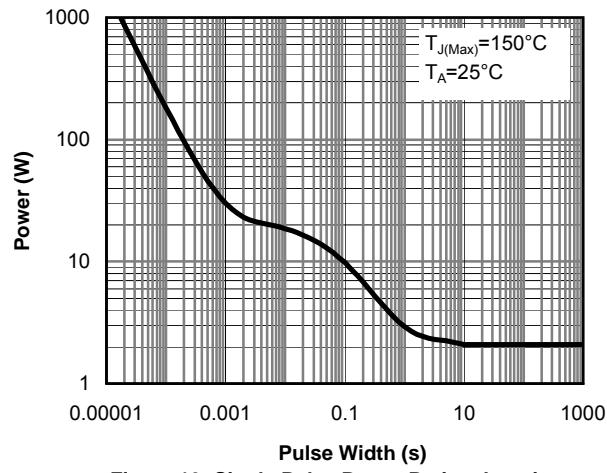


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

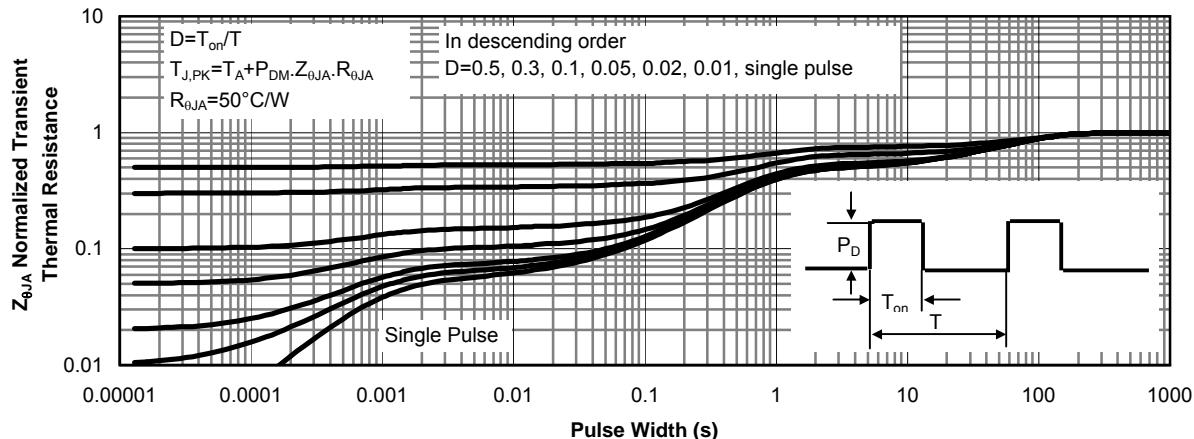
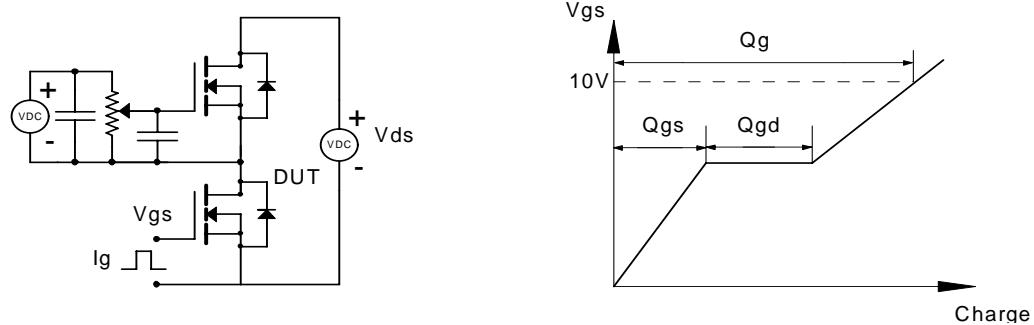
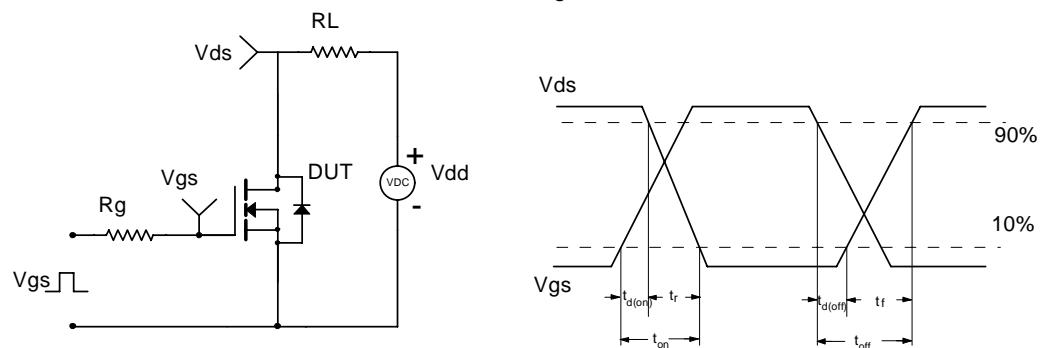


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

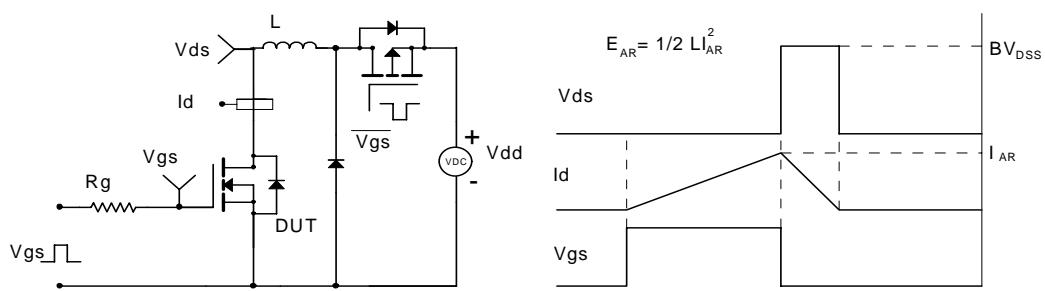
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



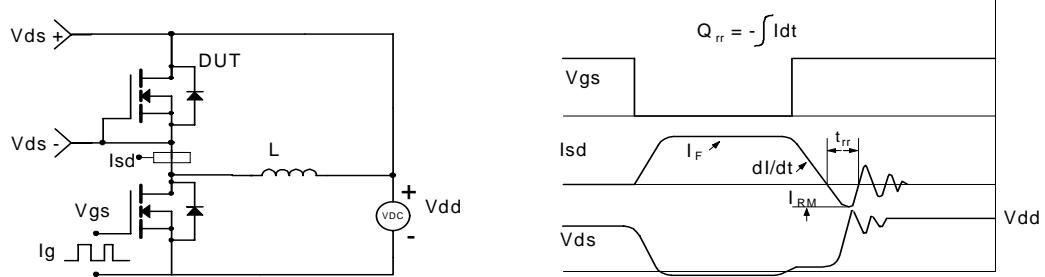
Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms



P-Channel Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = -250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-40			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = -40\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			-1	μA
					-5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{V}$			± 100	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D = -250\mu\text{A}$	-1.7	-2	-3	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS} = -10\text{V}, V_{DS} = -5\text{V}$	-30			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS} = -10\text{V}, I_D = -12\text{A}$		36	45	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		52	65	
		$V_{GS} = -4.5\text{V}, I_D = -8\text{A}$		51	66	
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = -5\text{V}, I_D = -12\text{A}$		22		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S = -1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.76	-1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-2	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS} = -20\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		900	1125	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			97		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			68		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		14		Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g (-10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS} = -10\text{V}, V_{DS} = -20\text{V}, I_D = -12\text{A}$		16.2	21	nC
$Q_g (-4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			7.2	9.4	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			3.8		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			3.5		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS} = -10\text{V}, V_{DS} = -20\text{V}, R_L = 1.4\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}} = 3\Omega$		6.2		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			8.4		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			44.8		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			41.2		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = -12\text{A}, dI/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		21	27	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F = -12\text{A}, dI/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		14		nC

A: The value of R_{QJA} is measured with the device in a still air environment with $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. The power dissipation P_{DSM} and current rating I_{DSM} are based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})} = 150^\circ\text{C}$, using $t \leq 10\text{s}$ junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})} = 175^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})} = 175^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The R_{QJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{QC} and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using $<300\mu\text{s}$ pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})} = 175^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

H. The maximum current rating is limited by bond-wires.

*This device is guaranteed green after data code 8X11 (Sep 2008).

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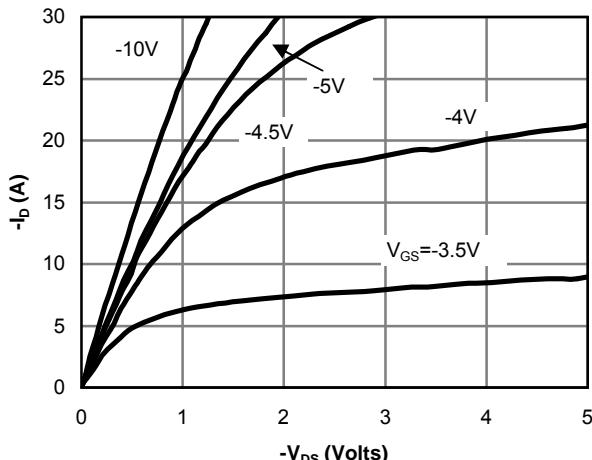
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS: P-CHANNEL


Fig 12: On-Region Characteristics

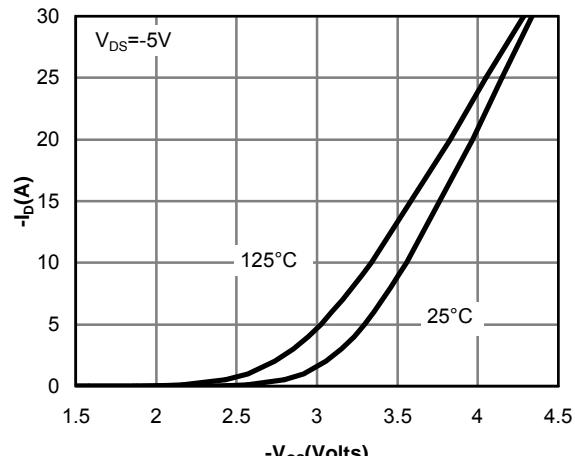


Figure 13: Transfer Characteristics

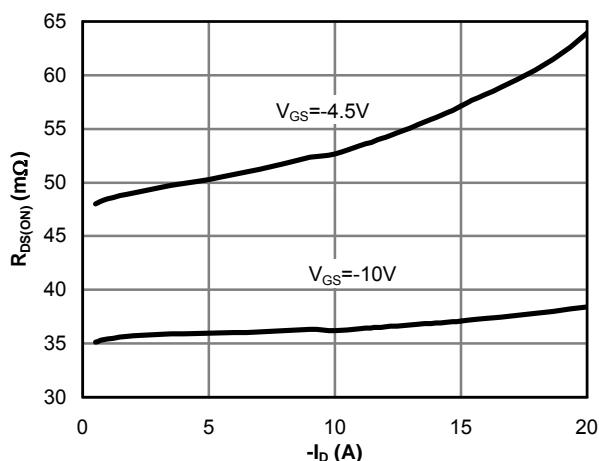


Figure 14: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

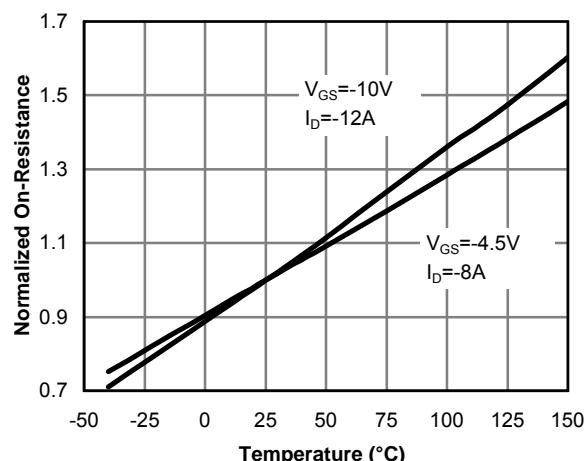


Figure 15: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

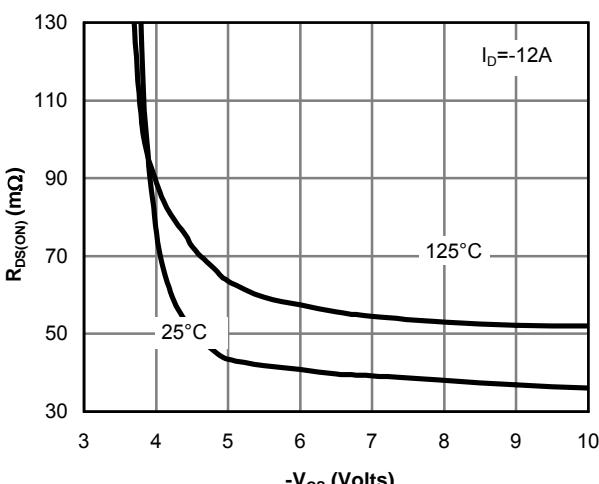


Figure 16: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

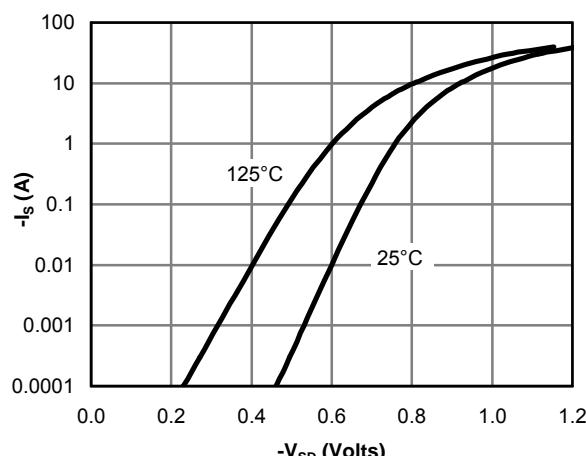


Figure 17: Body-Diode Characteristics

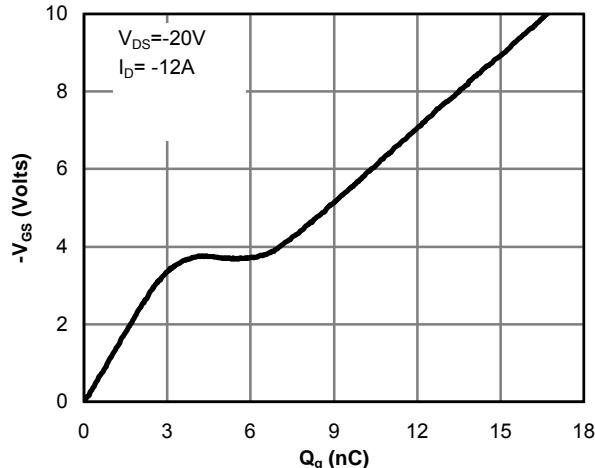
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS: P-CHANNEL


Figure 18: Gate-Charge Characteristics

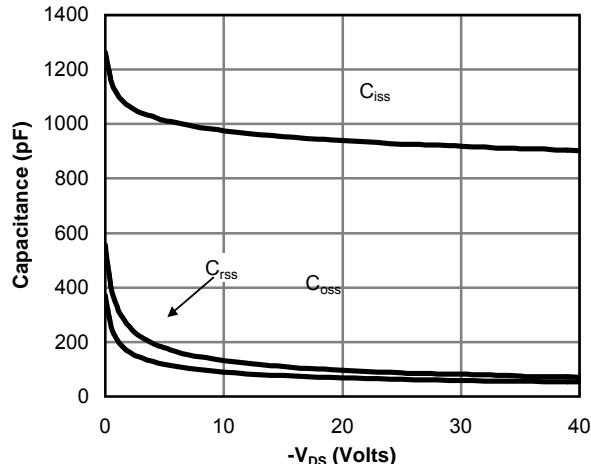


Figure 19: Capacitance Characteristics

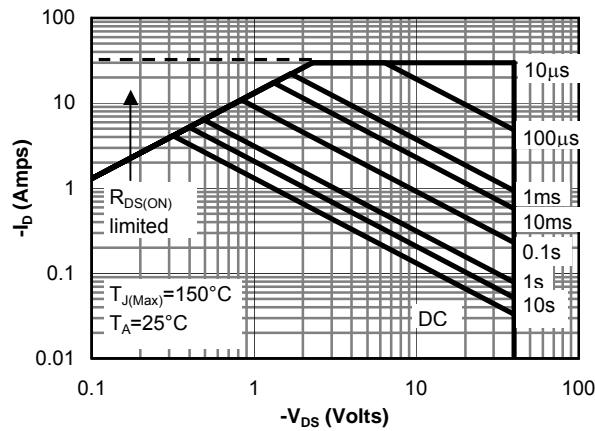


Figure 20: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

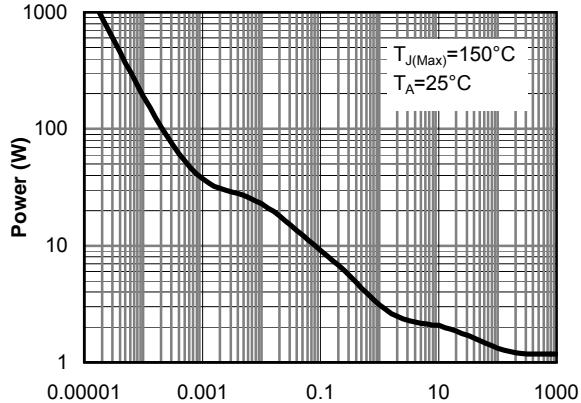


Figure 21: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

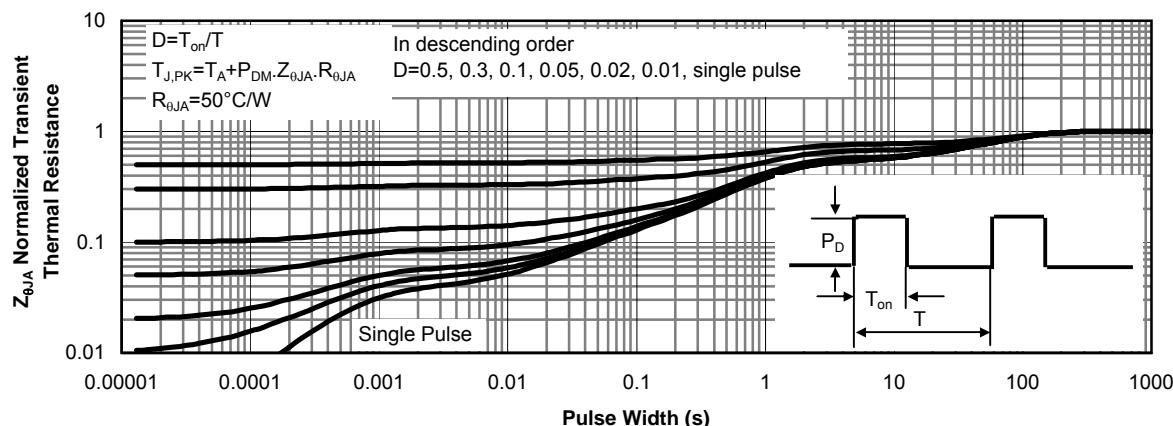
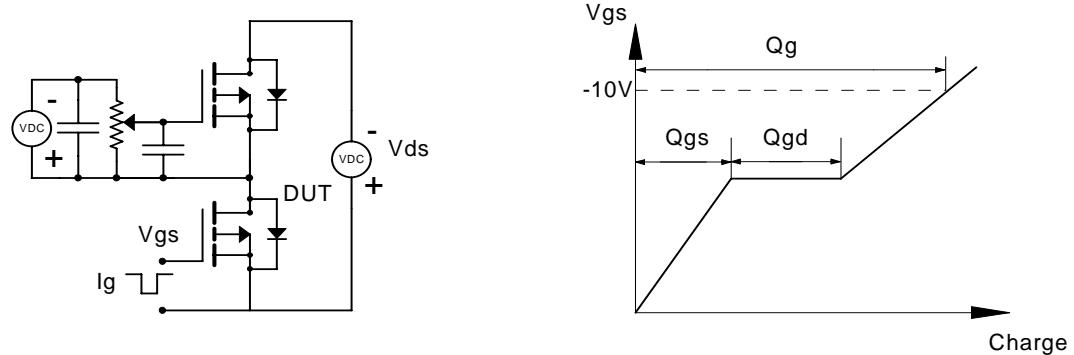
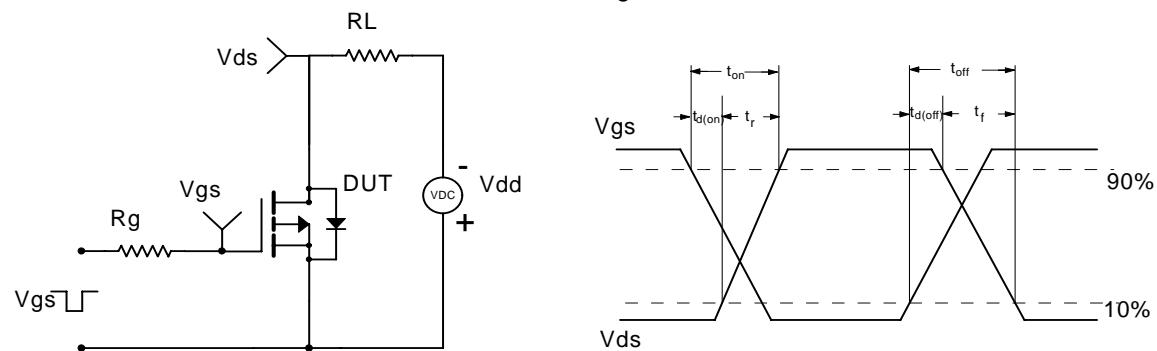


Figure 22: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

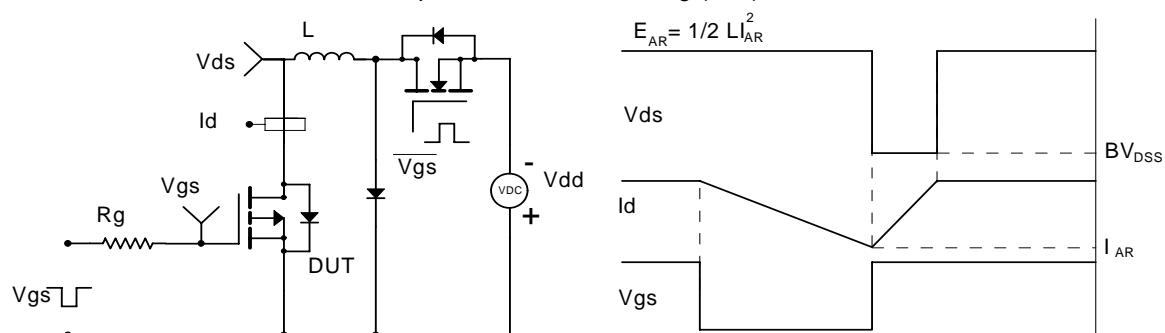
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

