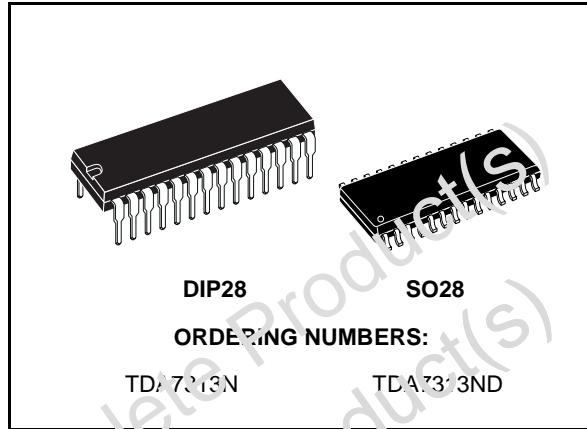




# TDA7313N

## DIGITAL CONTROLLED STEREO AUDIO PROCESSOR WITH LOUDNESS

- INPUT MULTIPLEXER:
  - 3 STEREO INPUTS
  - SELECTABLE INPUT GAIN FOR OPTIMAL ADAPTION TO DIFFERENT SOURCES
- LOUDNESS FUNCTION
- VOLUME CONTROL IN 1.25dB STEPS
- TREBLE AND BASS CONTROL
- FOUR SPEAKER ATTENUATORS:
  - 4 INDEPENDENT SPEAKERS CONTROL IN 1.25dB STEPS FOR BALANCE AND FADER FACILITIES
  - INDEPENDENT MUTE FUNCTION
- ALL FUNCTIONS PROGRAMMABLE VIA SERIAL I<sup>2</sup>C BUS



### DESCRIPTION

The TDA7313N is a volume, tone (bass and treble) balance (Left/Right) and fader (front/rear) processor for quality audio applications in car radio and Hi-Fi systems.

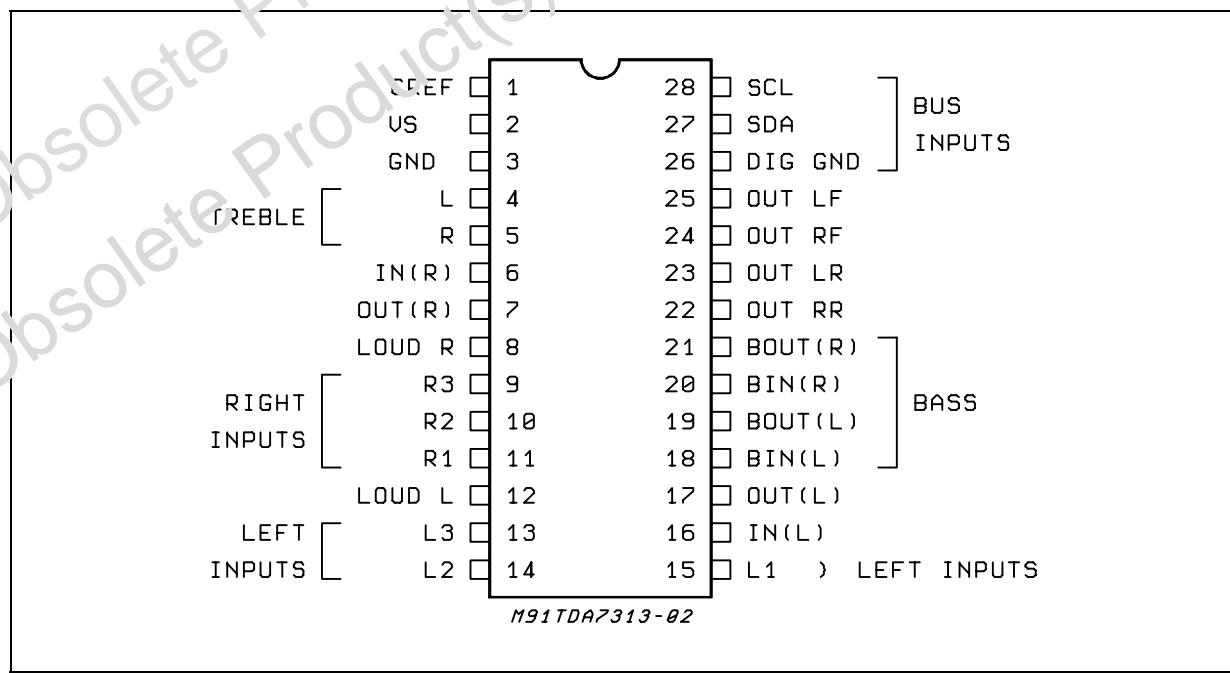
Selectable input gain and external loudness function

are provided. Control is accomplished by serial I<sup>2</sup>C bus microprocessor interface.

The AC signal setting is obtained by resistor networks and switches combined with operational amplifiers.

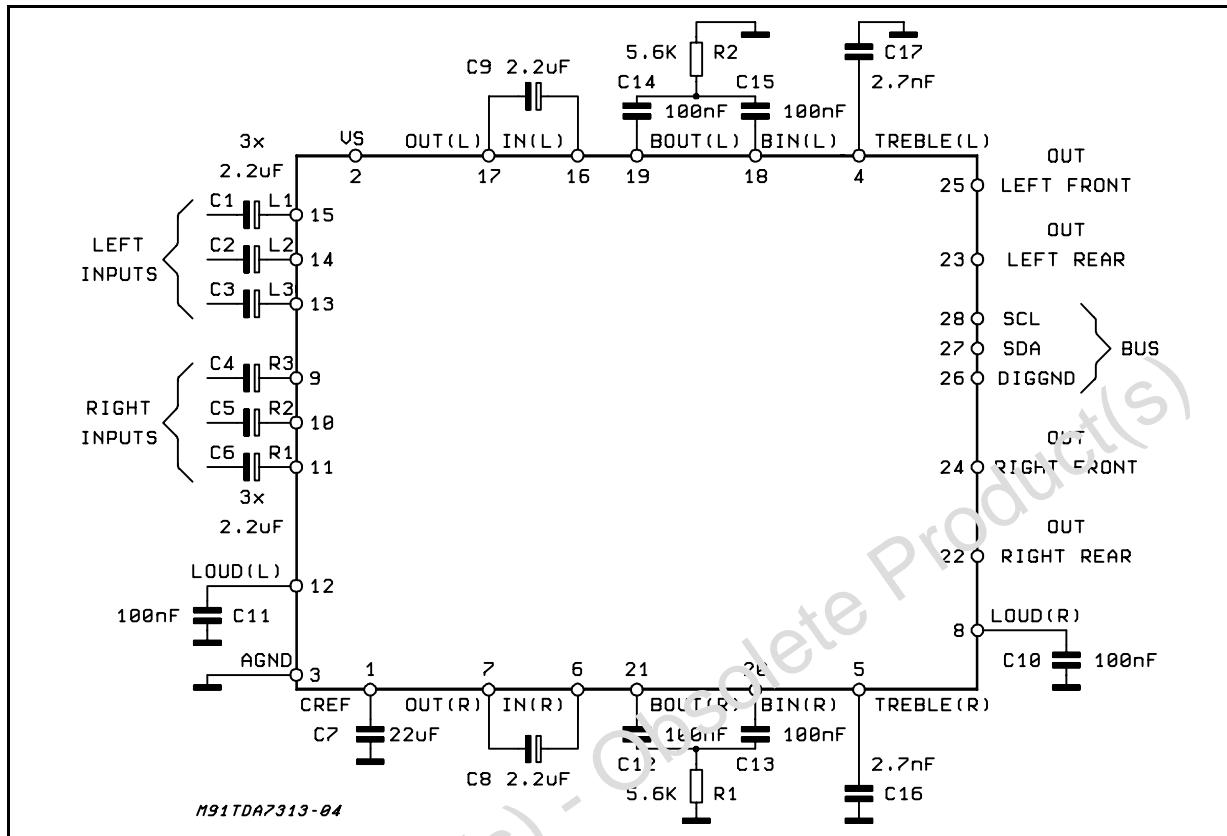
Thanks to the used BIPOLE/CMOS Technology, Low Distortion, Low Noise and Low DC stepping are obtained.

### PIN CONNECTION (Top view)



# TDA7313N

## TEST CIRCUIT



## THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Description	SO28	DIP28	Unit
R <sub>th(j-pins)</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-pins	max	85	°C/W

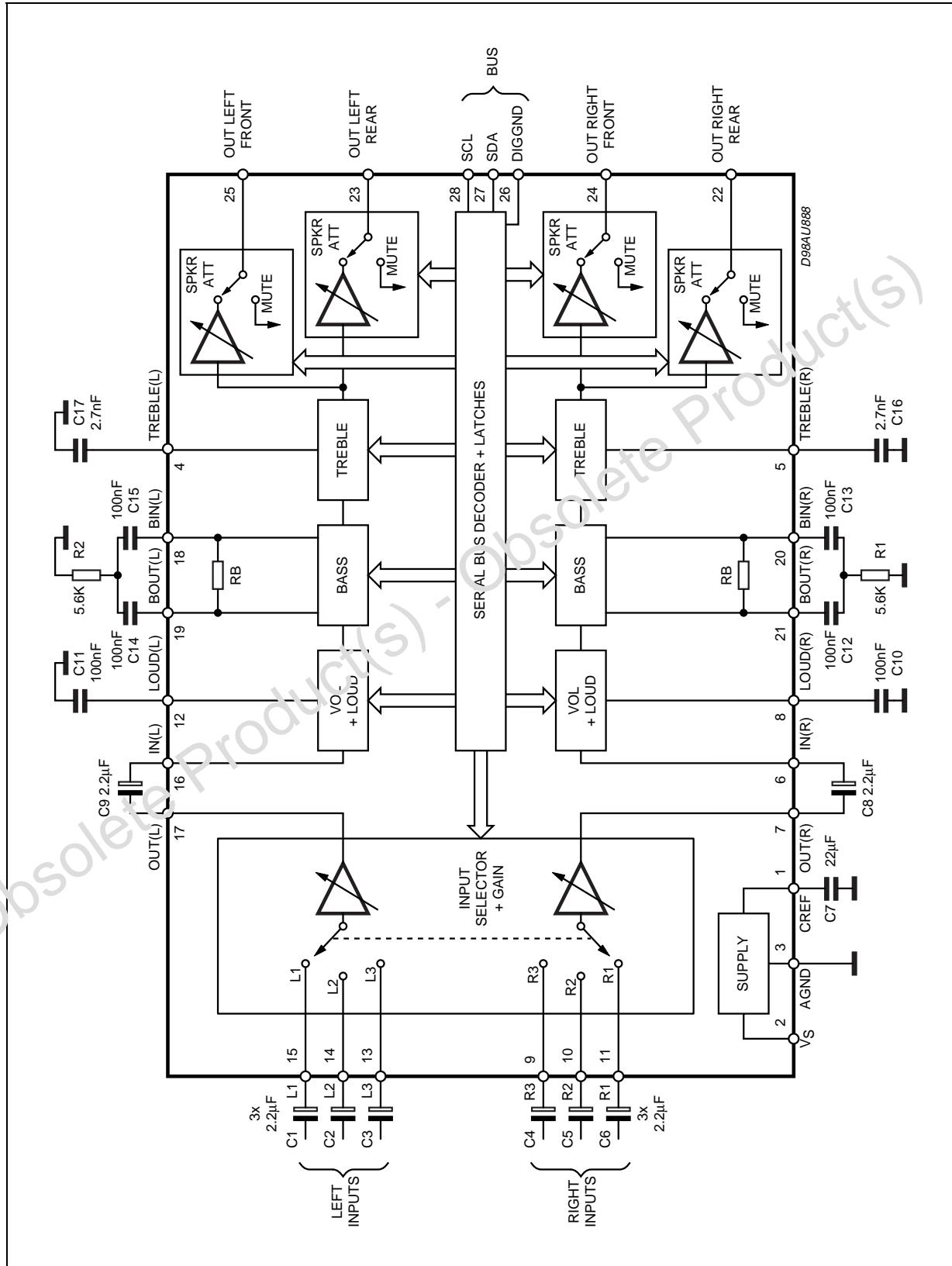
## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>z</sub>	Operating Supply Voltage	10.2	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	Operating Ambient Temperature	-40 to 85	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>S</sub>	Supply Voltage	6	9	10	V
V <sub>CL</sub>	Max. input signal handling	2			Vrms
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion V = 1Vrms f = 1KHz		0.01	0.1	%
S/N	Signal to Noise Ratio		106		dB
S <sub>C</sub>	Channel Separation f = 1KHz		103		dB
	Volume Control 1.25dB step	-78.75		0	dB
	Bass and Treble Control 2db step	-14		+14	dB
	Fader and Balance Control 1.25dB step	-38.75		0	dB
	Input Gain 3.75dB step	0		11.25	dB
	Mute Attenuation		100		dB

## BLOCK DIAGRAM

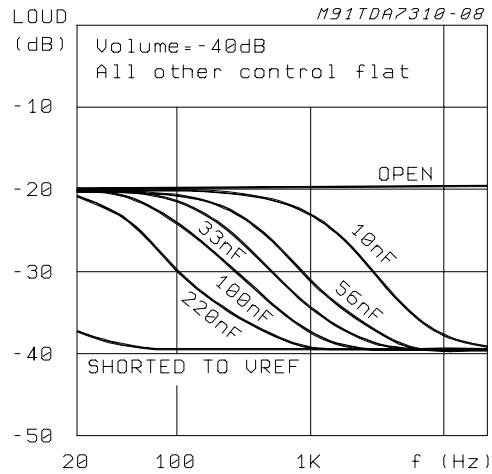




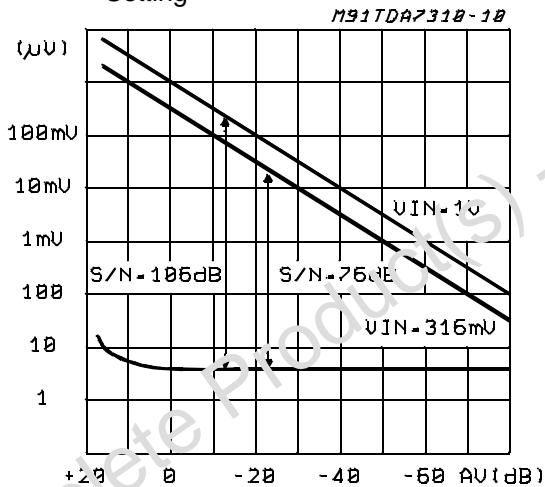


## TDA7313N

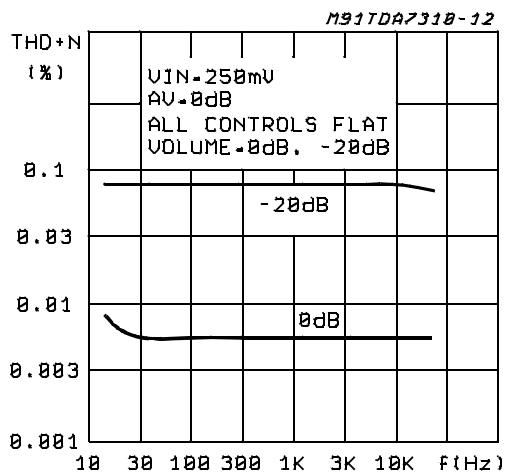
**Figure 3:** Loudness vs. External Capacitors



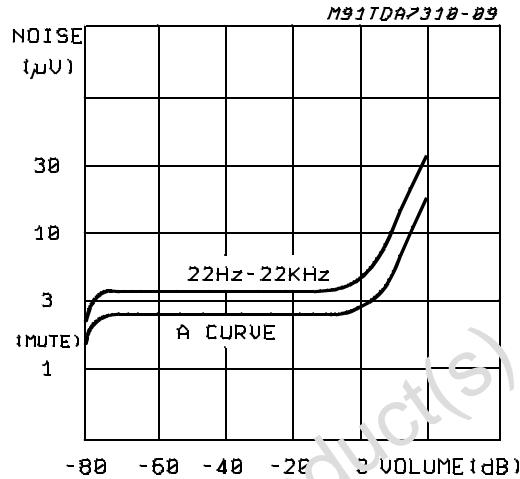
**Figure 5:** Signal to Noise Ratio vs. Volume Setting



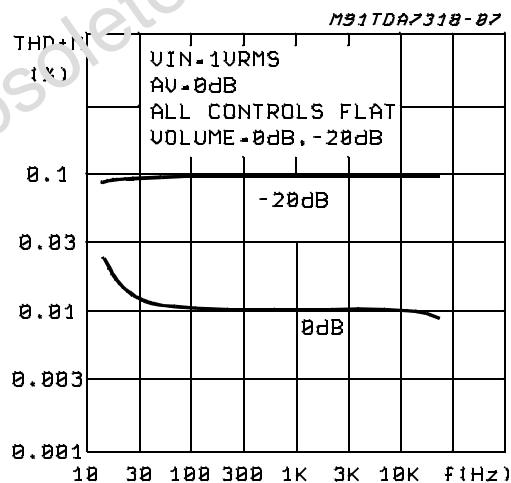
**Figure 7:** Distortion & Noise vs. Frequency



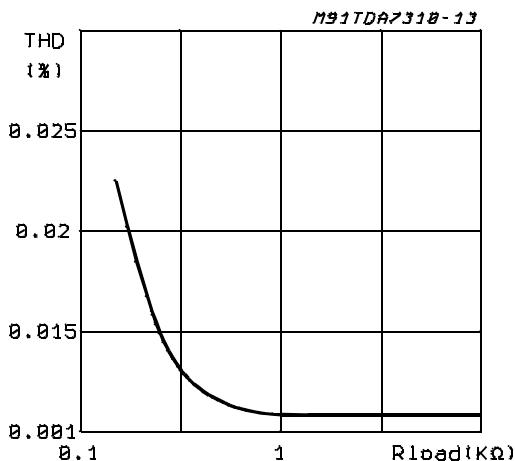
**Figure 4:** Noise vs. Volume/Gain Settings



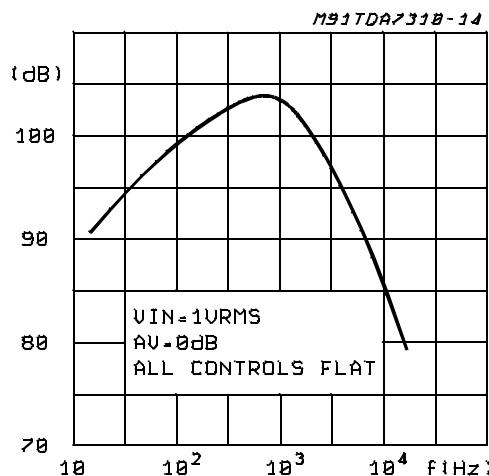
**Figure 6:** Distortion & Noise vs. Frequency



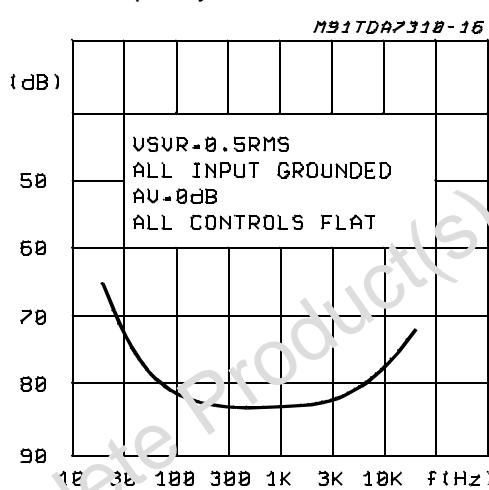
**Figure 8:** Distortion vs. Load Resistance



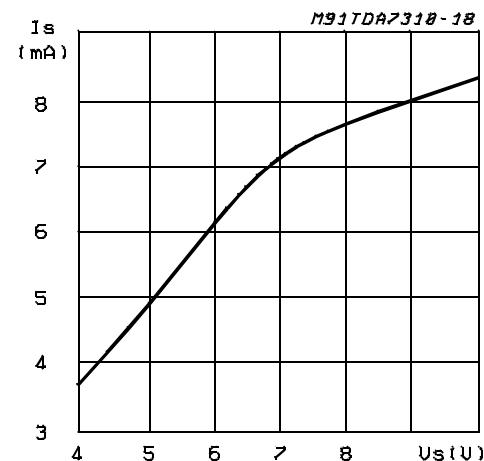
**Figure 9:** Channel Separation ( $L \rightarrow R$ ) vs. Frequency



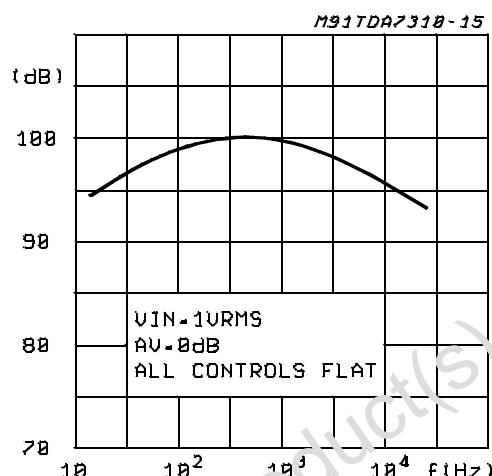
**Figure 11:** Supply Voltage Rejection vs. Frequency



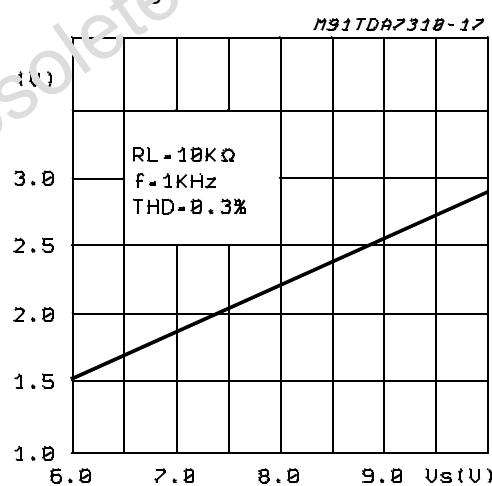
**Figure 13:** Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage



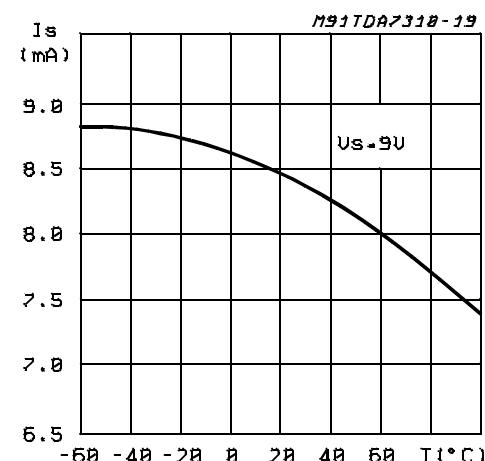
**Figure 10:** Input Separation ( $L_1 \rightarrow L_2, L_3, L_4$ ) vs. Frequency



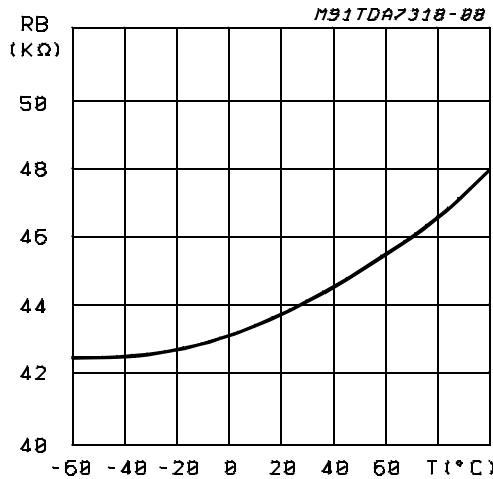
**Figure 12:** Output Clipping Level vs. Supply Voltage



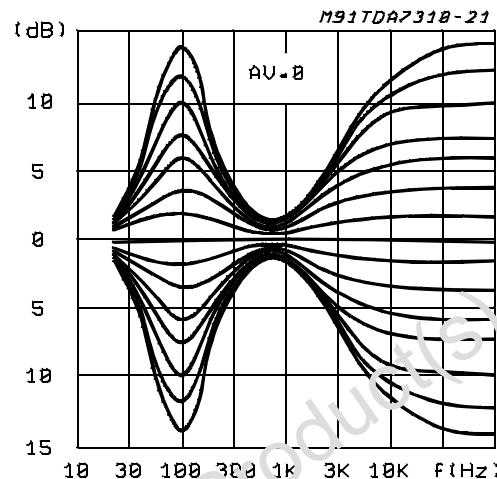
**Figure 14:** Supply Current vs. Temperature



**Figure 15:** Bass Resistance vs. Temperature



**Figure 16:** Typical Tone Response (with the ext. components indicated in the test circuit)



## I<sup>2</sup>C BUS INTERFACE

Data transmission from microprocessor to the TDA7313N and viceversa takes place thru the 2 wires I<sup>2</sup>C BUS interface, consisting of the two lines SDA and SCL (pull-up resistors to positive supply voltage must be connected).

### Data Validity

As shown in fig. 17, the data on the SDA line must be stable during the high period of the clock. The HIGH and LOW state of the data line can only change when the clock signal on the SCL line is LOW.

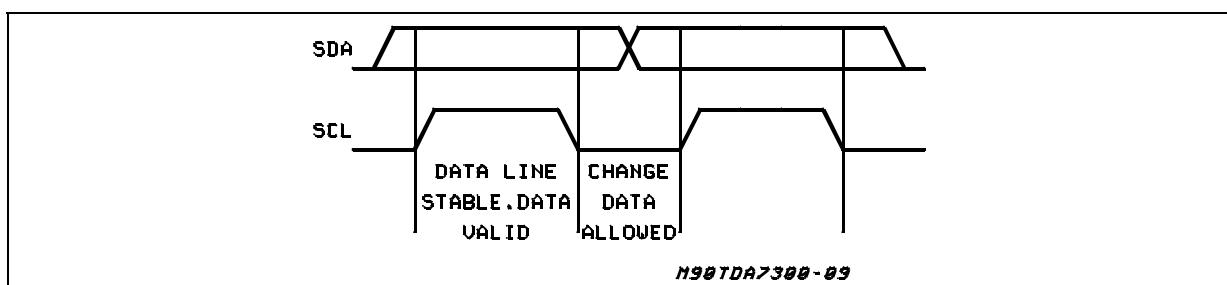
### Start and Stop Conditions

As shown in fig. 18 a start condition is a HIGH to LOW transition of the SDA line while SCL is HIGH. The stop condition is a LOW to HIGH transition of the SDA line while SCL is HIGH.

### I<sup>2</sup>C Format

Every byte transferred on the SDA line must contain 8 bits. Each byte must be followed by an acknowledge bit. The MSB is transferred first.

**Figure 17:** Data Validity on the I<sup>2</sup>CBUS



### Acknowledge

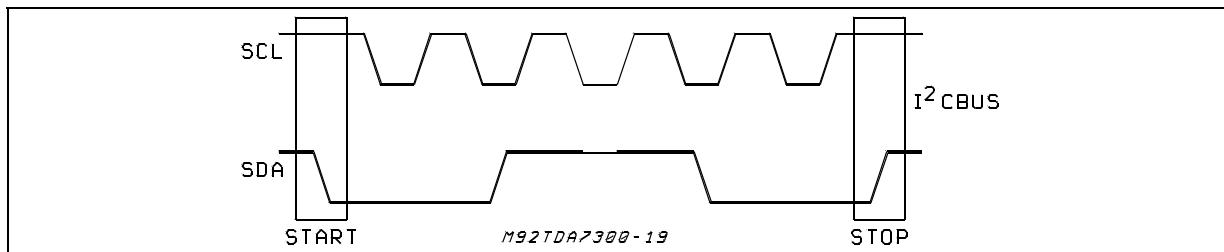
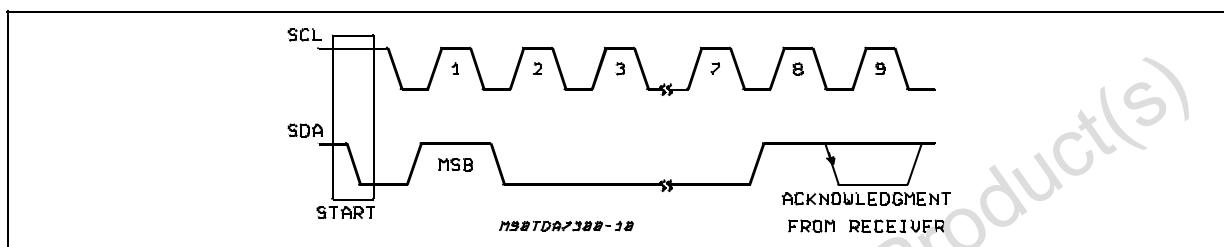
The master ( $\mu$ P) puts a resistive HIGH level on the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse (see fig. 19). The peripheral (audioprocessor) that acknowledges has to pull-down (LOW) the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse, so that the SDA line is stable LOW during this clock pulse.

The audioprocessor which has been addressed has to generate an acknowledge after the reception of each byte, otherwise the SDA line remains at the HIGH level during the ninth clock pulse time. In this case the master transmitter can generate the STOP information in order to abort the transfer.

### Transmission without Acknowledge

Avoiding to detect the acknowledge of the audioprocessor, the  $\mu$ P can use a simpler transmission: simply it waits one clock without checking the slave acknowledging, and sends the new data.

This approach of course is less protected from misworking and decreases the noise immunity.

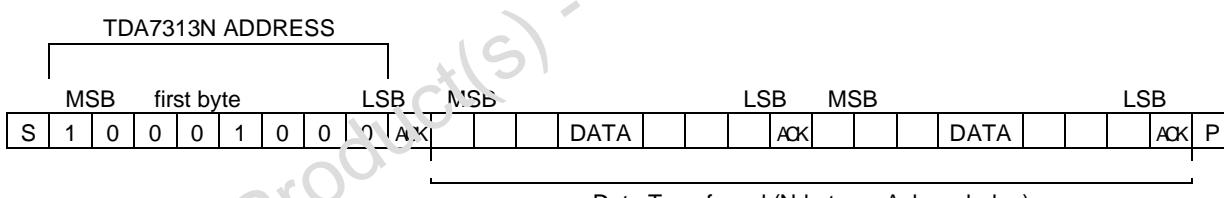
**Figure 18:** Timing Diagram of I<sup>2</sup>CBUS**Figure 19:** Acknowledge on the I<sup>2</sup>CBUS**SOFTWARE SPECIFICATION****Interface Protocol**

The interface protocol comprises:

- A start condition (s)
- A chip address byte, containing the TDA7313N

address (the 8th bit of the byte must be 0). The TDA7313N must always acknowledge at the end of each transmitted byte.

- A sequence of data (N-bytes + acknowledge)
- A stop condition (P)



ACK = Acknowledge

S = Start

P = Stop

MAX CLOCK SPEED 100kbit/s

**SOFTWARE SPECIFICATION**

## Chip address

1 MSB	0	0	0	1	0	0	0 LSB
----------	---	---	---	---	---	---	----------

## DATA BYTES

MSB								LSB	FUNCTION
0	0	B2	B1	B0	A2	A1	A0		Volume control
1	1	0	B1	B0	A2	A1	A0		Speaker ATT LR
1	1	1	B1	B0	A2	A1	A0		Speaker ATT RR
1	0	0	B1	B0	A2	A1	A0		Speaker ATT LF
1	0	1	B1	B0	A2	A1	A0		Speaker ATT RF
0	1	0	G1	G0	S2	S1	S0		Audio switch
0	1	1	0	C3	C2	C1	C0		Bass control
0	1	1	1	C3	C2	C1	C0		Treble control

Ax = 1.25dB steps; Bx = 10dB steps; Cx = 2dB steps; Gx = 3.75dB steps

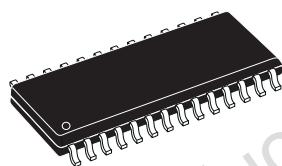




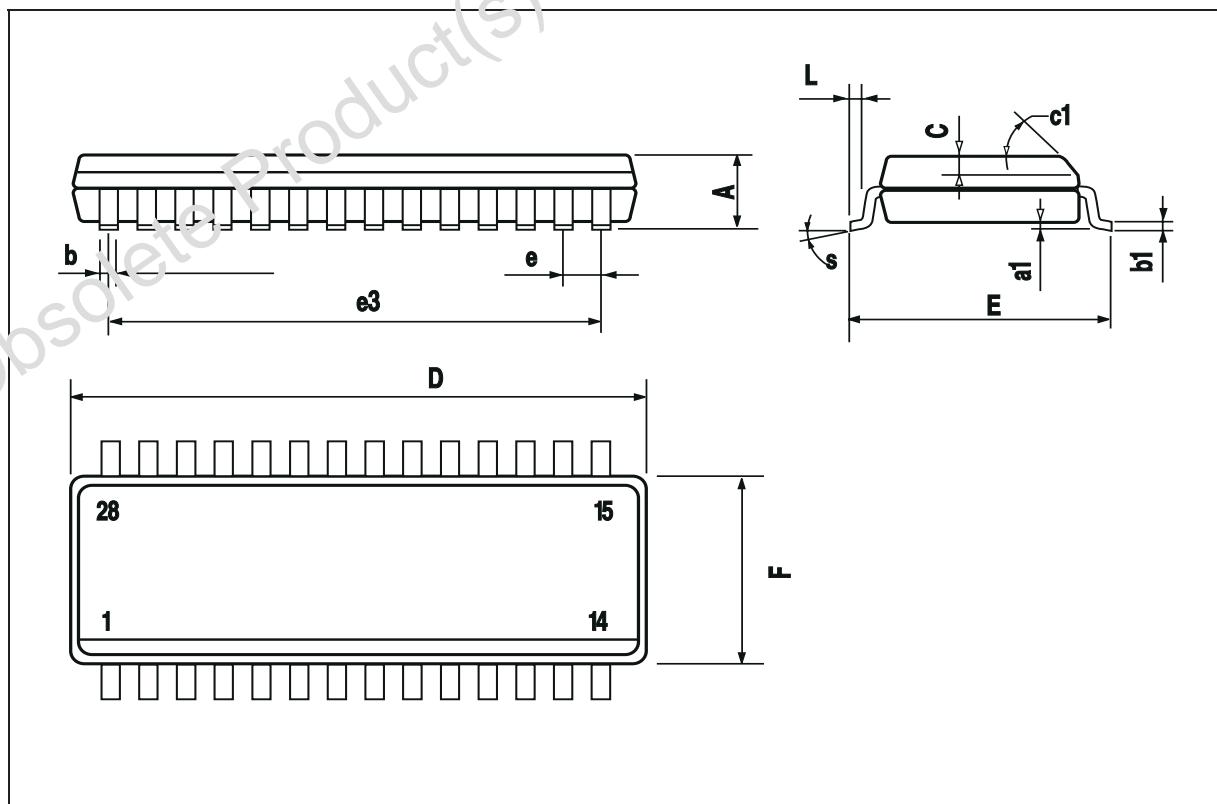


DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A			2.65			0.104
a1	0.1		0.3	0.004		0.012
b	0.35		0.49	0.014		0.019
b1	0.23		0.32	0.009		0.013
C		0.5			0.020	
c1	45° (typ.)					
D	17.7		18.1	0.697		0.713
E	10		10.65	0.394		0.419
e		1.27			0.050	
e3		16.51			0.65	
F	7.4		7.6	0.291		0.299
L	0.4		1.27	0.016		0.050
S	8 ° (max.)					

### OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA

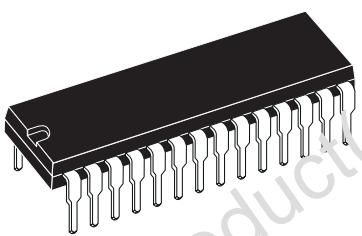


SO28

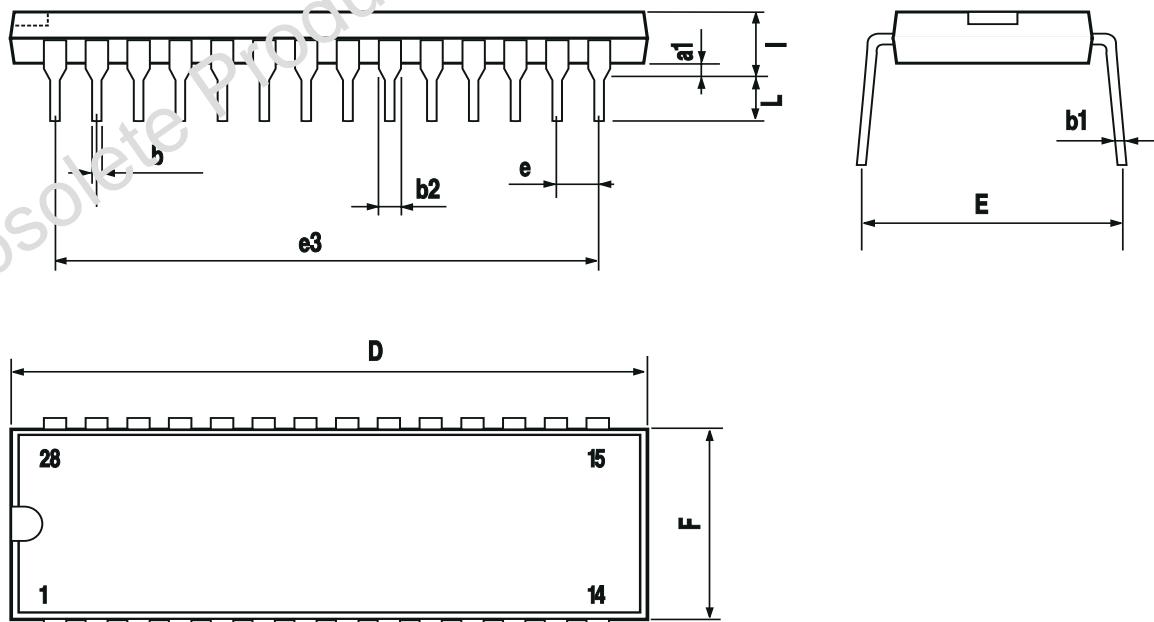


DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
a1		0.63			0.025	
b		0.45			0.018	
b1	0.23		0.31	0.009		0.012
b2		1.27			0.050	
D			37.34			1.470
E	15.2		16.68	0.598		0.657
e		2.54			0.100	
e3		33.02			1.300	
F			14.1			0.555
I		4.445			0.175	
L		3.3			0.130	

## OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA



DIP28



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